

LPC 2012: libvirt-sandbox

Building application sandboxes on top of LXC and KVM with libvirt



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Talk Overview

- Introduction
- Architecture
- Examples



Introduction



Application Sandboxes

- Isolate general purpose applications
- Target specific use cases
- Variety of approaches
 - Seccomp – Linux syscall restriction
 - Java VM – bytecode verification
 - SELinux – MCS isolation
 - Virtualization – OS separation
- Multiple layers of defence



Virtualization

- Full machine or container virtualization
- The 3 common virt use cases
 - Cloud, server, desktop
- The 4th use case
 - Application development toolkit
 - Facility for application developers
 - Sysadmin application sandboxing



Sandbox Goals

- API for constructing sandboxes
- Agnostic to type of virtualization
- Isolated from hardware config
- No separate OS installation
 - Forget JEOS (Just Enough OS)
 - Try NAOS (No Additional OS)
 - Inherit host FS
 - Custom overrides sub-trees



Architecture



Low Level Infrastructure

- Kernel
 - Namespaces (pid,uts,fs,net,user,ipc)
 - CGroups
 - KVM
 - SELinux
- QEMU
 - Device model emulation (for KVM)



Low Level APIs

- libvirt: virtualization management API
- C library, lang bindings, object mappings
- KVM, LXC, VMware ESX, VirtualBox, Hyper-V, Parallels, etc
- Generic API & config model
- Hypervisor specific hardware



High Level APIs

- libvirt-sandbox C library
- Built on libvirt-gconfigibvirt-gobject
- Access from Python/Perl/JavaScript



High Level Tools

- virt-sandbox
 - For ad-hoc CLI application sandbox
 - Exposes most of C API via CLI args
- virt-sandbox-service
 - For persistent system services
 - Sets up custom environment
 - Create systemd unit files



Examples



virt-sandbox

- Simple invocation (R/O root, no network)
 - `virt-sandbox [OPTIONS] BINARY [ARGS...]`
- Choose virt driver using option
 - `--connect LIBVRT-URI (or -c LIBVIRT-URI)`
- Run 'date' inside LXC
 - `virt-sandbox -c lxc:/// /bin/date`
- Run 'cat /proc/cpuinfo' inside KVM
 - `virt-sandbox -c qemu:///session /bin/cat /proc/cpuinfo`



virt-sandbox

- Bind host files/dirs to guest R/W
 - `--host-bind GUEST-PATH=HOST-PATH`
- Create empty `/home/fred` with tmp dir
 - `--host-bind /home/fred=`
- Create `/home/fred` from `/tmp/home`
 - `--host-bind /home/fred=/tmp/home`
- Create `/home/fred` from `/tmp/home.img`
 - `--host-image /home/fred=/tmp/home.img`



virt-sandbox

- Bind /etc/krb5.conf from /tmp/krb5.conf
 - --guest-bind /etc/krb5.conf=/tmp/krb5.conf
- Copy /home/fred/.firefox into guest
 - --include /home/fred/.firefox
- sandbox.img w/ firefox prof & krb5 conf
 - --host-image /tmp=/home/fred/sandbox.img
 - --guest-bind /etc/krb5.conf=/tmp/krb5.conf
 - --guest-bind /home/fred=/tmp/home
 - --include /home/fred/.firefox



virt-sandbox

- Add DHCP configured NIC
 - `--network dhcp`
- Add static configured NIC
 - `--network address=192.168.1.1/255.255.255.0`
- SELinux dynamic config
 - `--security label=svirt_sandbox_t,dynamic`
- SELinux static config
 - `--security label=svirt_sandbox_t:s0:c123,c123;static`



Example: Server Virtual Hosting

- Goal:
 - Deploy multiple Apache virtual hosts
 - Strong isolation between virtual hosts
- Solution:
 - One apache instance per virtual host
 - Run apache inside a sandbox



virt-sandbox-service

- virt-sandbox-service create -C -u httpd.service apache1
 - Config /etc/libvirt-sandbox/service/apache1.sandbox
 - Multiple unit files allowed
 - SystemD unit file
 - /etc/systemd/system/httpd@apache1.service
 - Create state directories or image
 - /var/lib/libvirt/filesystem/apache1
 - Chroot type directory
 - Examines rpm payload
 - Clone - /var and /etc config
 - Share /usr
 - Allocate unique MCS security label



virt-sandbox-service

- virt-sandbox-service start apache1
 - Starts service from config
- virt-sandbox-service stop apache1
 - Stop service
- virt-sandbox-service connect apache1
 - Connect admin debug shell to container
- virt-sandbox-service execute -C ifconfig apache1
 - Execute command within container
 - virt-sandbox-service.logrotate
 - /usr/bin/virt-sandbox-service execute -C /etc/cron.daily/logrotate \$i



systemd

- `systemctl start httpd@apache1.service`
 - Starts one sandboxed service
- `systemctl start httpd@.service`
 - Starts all sandboxed services
- `systemctl reload httpd.service`
 - Trigger reload of all `httpd@XXXX.service`



Other Use cases

- Run mock within a container
- Run customer services on gluster nodes
- Run mysql within a container
- OpenShift work loads



Example: Audio Transcode

- Obtained 'ogg' from untrusted source
- Decode to 'raw' format
- Prevent all filesystem & network access
- Only R/W on stdin/out
 - `virt-sandbox -c lxc:/// -- /usr/bin/oggdec -o - - \
< /path/to/untrusted.ogg \
> /path/to/trusted.raw`



Example: mock RPM Build

- setgid binary for users in 'mock' group
- Installs chroot with target distro RPMs
- Runs RPM as 'mock' user inside chroot
- Problem:
 - RPM chroot install runs as 'root'
 - RPM %post/%pre scripts run as 'root'
 - 'root' user can escape any chroot
 - => Malicious %post/%pre scripts can escape chroot



Example: mock RPM Build

- Solution:
 - Install chroot using 'rpm' in a sandbox
 - %pre/%post scripts run as 'root'
 - 'root' cannot escape from sandbox
 - => %pre/%post scripts cannot escape



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<http://libvirt.org/>