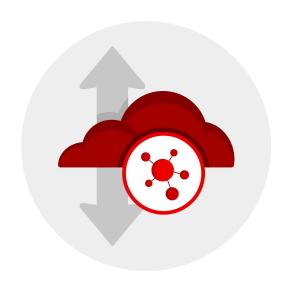
OPENSHIFT OVERVIEW & ROADMAP

Kirsten Newcomer Sr. Principal Product Manager February 2020



Customer Challenges



Enjoy simplicity of public cloud in an on-premise environment

Create a consistent experience across public and on-premise

Plan for growth in container adoption while still running virtual machines

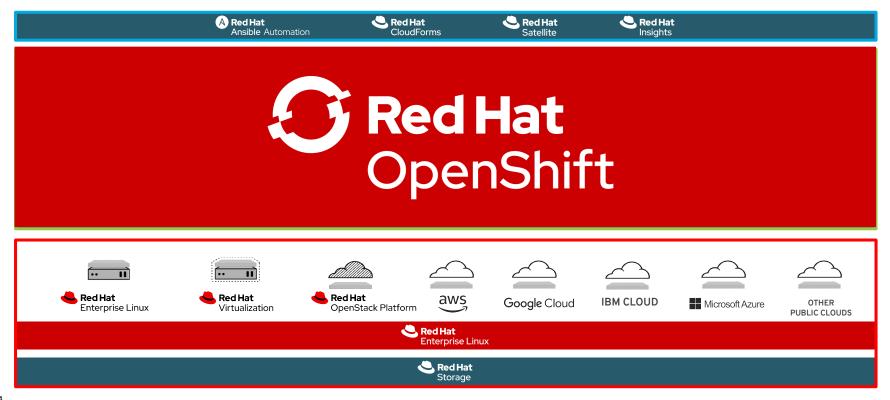


Expectations For A Hybrid Cloud Platform

DEVELOPER EXPERIENCE & BROADEST APPLICATION BROAD ECOSYSTEM SUPPORT ON-DEMAND STANDARDS, PORTABILITY **AUTOMATED OPERATIONS SECURITY & COMPLIANCE** & INTEROPERABILITY Edge Datacenter **Hybrid Multi-cloud**

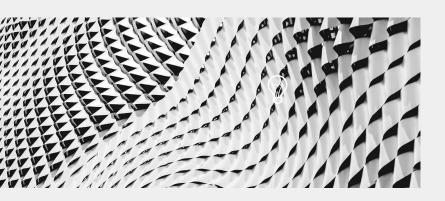


Red Hat OpenShift - the Hybrid Cloud platform



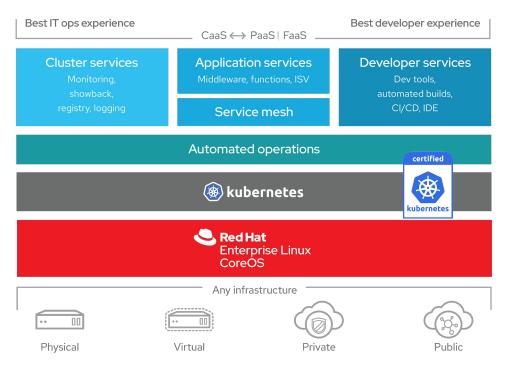


AUTOMATED OPERATIONS WITH OPENSHIFT 4





OpenShift 4 - A smarter Kubernetes platform



Automated, full-stack installation from the container host to application services

Seamless Kubernetes deployment to any cloud or on-premises environment

Autoscaling of cloud resources

One-click updates for platform, services, and applications



Automated Container Operations

FULLY AUTOMATED DAY-1 AND DAY-2 OPERATIONS

INSTALL	DEPLOY	HARDEN	OPERATE
	AUTOMATED	OPERATIONS	
Infra provisioning	Full-stack deployment	Secure defaults	Multicluster aware
Embedded OS	On-premises and cloud	Network isolation	Monitoring and alerts
	Unified experience	Audit and logs	Full-stack patch & upgrade
		Signing and policies	Zero-downtime upgrades
			Vulnerability scanning



Comprehensive Container Security



CONTROL

Application Security

C 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	<u> </u>
Container (ONTANT
Containe	

CI/CD Pipeline

Container Registry

Deployment Policies



DEFEND

Infrastructure

Container Platform

Container Host Multi-tenancy

Network Isolation

Storage

Audit & Logging

API Management



EXTEND

Security Ecosystem



Red Hat Contributions To Kubernetes

redhat

RBAC Authorization | Stateful Sets | Init Containers | Rolling Update Status | Pod Security Policy Limits | Memory based Pod Eviction | Quota Controlled Services | 1,000+ Nodes | Dynamic PV Provisioning | Multiple Schedulers | SECCOMP | Audit | Job Scheduler | Access Review API | Whitelisting SysctIs | Secure Cluster Policy | Evict Pods Disk IO | Storage | Classes | Azure Data Disk | etcdv3 | RBAC API | Auth to kubelet API | Pod-level cGroups QoS | Kublet Eviction Model | RBAC | Storage Class | CustomResourceDefinitions | API Aggregation | Encrypted secrets in etcd | Limit Node Access | HPA Status Conditions | Network Policy | CRI Validation Test Suite | Local Persistent Storage | Audit Logging







The New Platform Boundary

OpenShift 4 is aware of the entire infrastructure and brings the Operating System under management

OpenShift & Kubernetes
certificates & security settings
container runtime config
allowed maintenance windows
software defined networking

AUTOMATED OPERATIONS

KUBERNETES

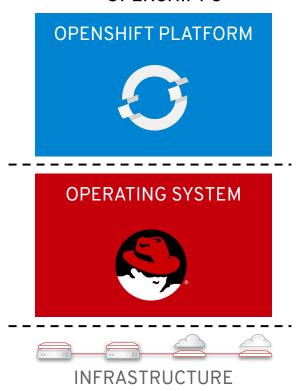
RHEL or RHEL CoreOS

kernel modules
device drivers
network interfaces
security groups
Nodes & Operating System

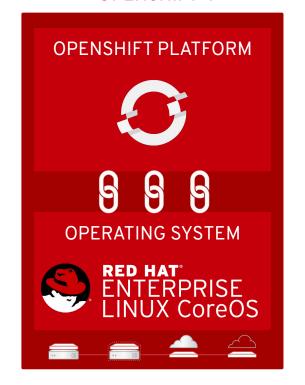


Full Stack Automated Install

OPENSHIFT 3



OPENSHIFT 4





Immutable Operating System

Red Hat Enterprise Linux CoreOS is versioned with OpenShift

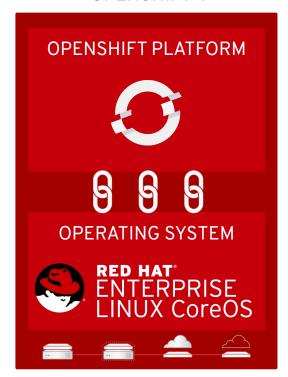
CoreOS is tested and shipped in conjunction with the platform. Red Hat runs thousands of tests against these configurations.

Red Hat Enterprise Linux CoreOS is managed by the cluster

The Operating system is operated as part of the cluster, with the config for components managed by Machine Config Operator:

- CRI-O config
- Kubelet config
- Authorized registries
- SSH config

OPENSHIFT 4





RED HAT ENTERPRISE LINUX

RED HAT®

RED HAT

	ENTERPRISE LINUX°	ENTERPRISE LINUX CoreOS
	General Purpose OS	Immutable container host
BENEFITS	 10+ year enterprise life cycle Industry standard security High performance on any infrastructure Customizable and compatible with wide ecosystem of partner solutions 	 Self-managing, over-the-air updates Immutable and tightly integrated with OpenShift Host isolation is enforced via Containers Optimized performance on popular infrastructure
WHEN TO USE	When customization and integration with additional solutions is required	When cloud-native, hands-free operations are a top priority



Installation Experiences

OPENSHIFT CONTAINER PLATFORM

Full Stack Automation

Simplified opinionated "Best Practices" for cluster provisioning

Fully automated installation and updates including host container OS.

Red Hat
Enterprise Linux
CoreOS

Pre-existing Infrastructure Customer managed resources & infrastructure provisioning Plug into existing DNS and security boundaries Red Hat Enterprise Linux Red Hat Enterprise

HOSTED OPENSHIFT

Azure Red Hat OpenShift

Deploy directly from the Azure console. Jointly managed by Red Hat and Microsoft Azure engineers.

OpenShift Dedicated

Get a powerful cluster, fully Managed by Red Hat engineers and support.

Linux

CoreÓS

Day 2 Configuration

Global Configuration

You complete most of the cluster configuration and customization after you deploy your OpenShift Container Platform cluster.

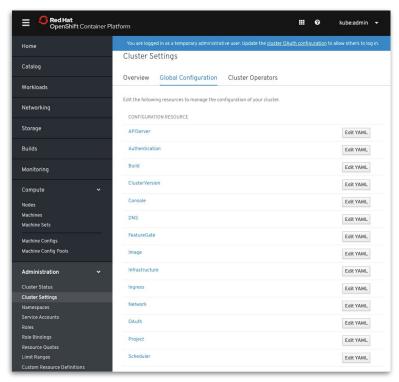
Change via Cluster Settings screen

Once you have discovered your desired settings (prev. slide), changes can be made via Console or CLI.

Operators apply these updates

One or more Operators are responsible for propagating these settings through the infrastructure

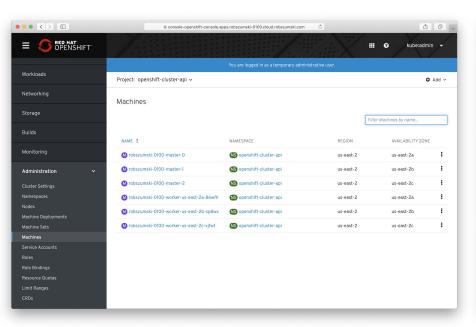
- Networking (SDN)
- Identity Provider
- Logging, Metrics

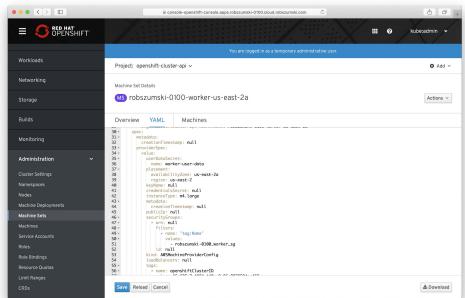




Kubernetes Machine Api Operator

Using Kubernetes To Provision And Scale Clusters



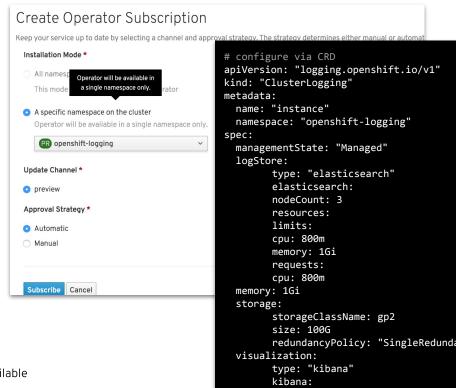




Cluster Logging

Cluster Logging is lifecycle managed via Operator Lifecycle Management

- Install the Elasticsearch and Cluster Logging Operators from OperatorHub
- Create an instance of Cluster Logging. fluentd,
 Elasticsearch and Kibana (with Operators) are created
- Changing the out-of-box configuration:
 - CPU, memory requests and limits, PVC sizes etc can be changed by editing the Cluster Logging Operator YAML
- Direct Elasticsearch and Kibana Deployments to dedicated Nodes (recommended for production usage)

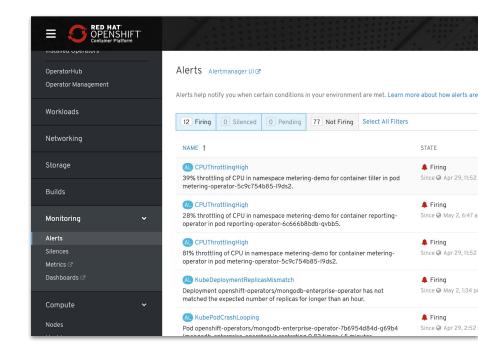


replicas: 1

Cluster Monitoring

Cluster monitoring is installed by default

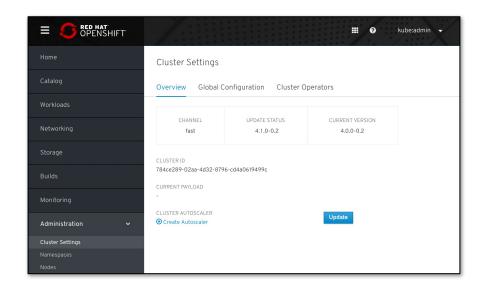
- Exposes resource metrics for Horizontal Pod Autoscaling (HPA) by default
 - HPA based on custom metric is tech preview
- No manual etcd monitoring configuration anymore
- New screens for managing Alerts & Silences
- More metrics available for troubleshooting purposes
 (e.g. HAproxy)
- Configuration via ConfigMaps and Secrets





Over-the-air Updates

- OpenShift retrieves list of available updates
- Admin selects the target version
- OpenShift is updated over the air
- Auto-update support





Smarter Software Updates

No downtime for well behaving apps

Applications with multiple replicas, using liveness probes, health checks and taints/tolerations

Node Pools with more than one worker and slack resources.

Maintenance window for entire cluster

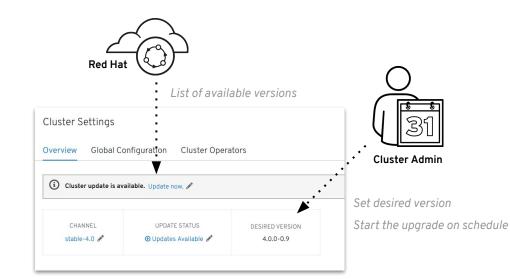
No need for separate windows for each component

Upgrade runs completely on the cluster

No more long running processes on a workstation

Constant health checking from each Operator

Operators are constantly looking for incompatibilities and issues that might arise





Openshift Upgrades

Orchestrating node upgrades

Machine Config Controller

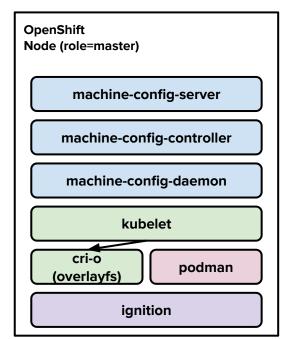
Coordinates upgrade of machines

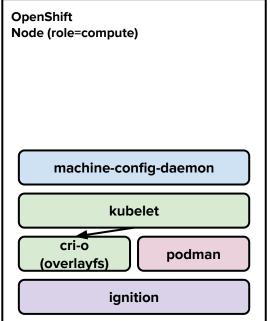
Machine Config Daemon

Applies desired machine configuration Subset of ignition config Controls kubelet configuration

Machine Config Server

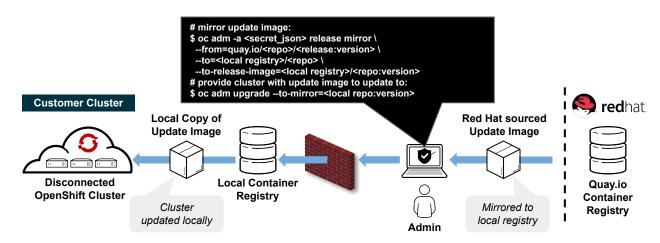
Provide ignition config to new machines







Disconnected "Air-gapped" Install & Upgrade



Overview

- 4.2 introduces support for installing and updating OpenShift clusters in disconnected environments
- Requires local Docker 2.2 spec compliant container registry to host OpenShift content
- Designed to work with the user provisioned infrastructure deployment method
 - Note: Will not work with Installer provisioned infrastructure deployments

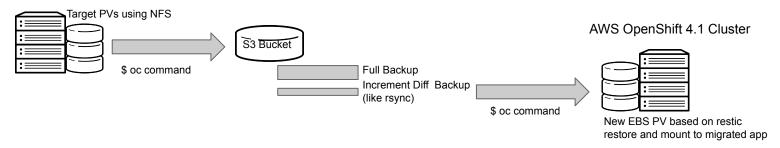
Installation Procedure

- Mirror OpenShift content to local container registry in the disconnected environment
- Generate install-config.yaml: \$./openshift-install create install-config --dir <dir>
 - Edit and add pull secret (PullSecret), CA certificate (AdditionalTrustBundle),
 and image content sources (ImageContentSources) to install-config.yaml
- Set the OPENSHIFT_INSTALL_RELEASE_IMAGE_OVERRIDE environment variable during the creation of the ignition configs
- Generate the ignition configuration: \$./openshift-install create ignition-configs --dir <dir>
- Use the resulting ignition files to bootstrap the cluster deployment



Cluster Migration Openshift 3 To 4

vSphere OpenShift 3.10 Cluster

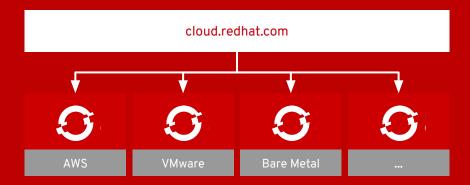


- Deploy a replication of your applications from one OpenShift cluster to a different OpenShift cluster
- Enable cluster specific configuration from OpenShift 3 to work on a OpenShift 4 cluster
- Documentation on how to handle common network, storage, and machine/node re-use scenarios between OpenShift 3 and OpenShift 4 clusters



Cloud-like Simplicity, Everywhere

Full-stack automated operations across any on-premises, cloud, or hybrid infrastructure



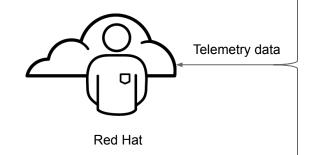


Telemetry

Collects anonymized data from any OpenShift 4 cluster deployment

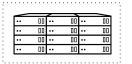
- Red Hat gains quality assurance with anonymous data reporting faults encountered during upgrade
- Show utilization of all your clusters at cloud.redhat.com
- Perform subscription management at cloud.redhat.com

Opt-out is only available for self-managed OpenShift clusters but we strongly discourage that as you will lose all of the features described above.



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Cluster1 ... Clustern Customer XYZ



Cluster1 Customer ABC

Complete list of collected metrics



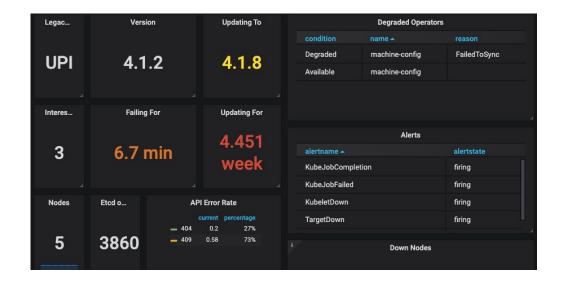
Connected Customer

Proactive support for customer issues

- Active upgrades
- Overall cluster health
- Firing alerts
- Node health

Driving a high quality product

- Monitor and improve upon the health of the customer base
- Prioritize engineering roadmap for platforms and prove they are improving over time
- Active monitoring of fast and stable channels





OpenShift Cluster Manager on cloud.redhat.com

Automatic registration of OpenShift clusters

View cluster versions and capacity in one place, no matter what infrastructure you are running on. Integrated with RHSM.

OpenShift Dedicated cluster management

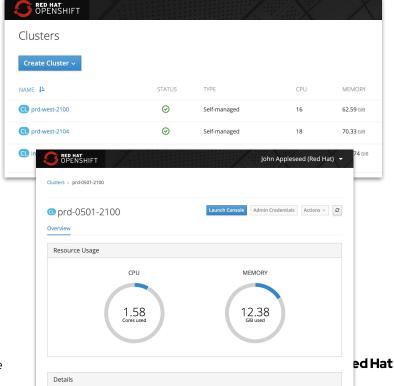
Self-service cluster deployment, scaling, and management for OpenShift Dedicated coming soon.

Azure Red Hat OpenShift

Information about these clusters will be coming at a later date.

Hosted in the United States

Other geographies may come later. You can opt-out too.



OpenShift Subscription Management

Moves from node management to cluster management

Entitle clusters and not nodes. Nodes too dynamic. We do not block on usage. Requires telemeter opt-In.

Dynamically adds and removes nodes

OpenShift Cluster Manager (OCM) will dynamically add and remove nodes from your subscription allocations to the cluster in 24 hour intervals. This will move to instantaneous across the next several releases.

Connected to the same backend as Subscription Portal and Satellite

Allocation numbers you see at cloud.redhat.com for OCP can be also seen on the subscription portal at access.redhat.com

Removes OCP Infrastructure from the count

OCM will figure out which pods are your OCP infra pods and subtract out their usage from your core count so you are not charged.



Systems

Below is a list of systems for this account.

Filter by Name, UUID, or Cloud Provider

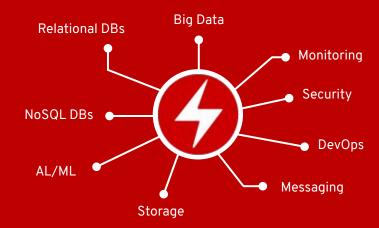
Name

eb121bf1-aa59-422a-a417-2e5fcfa7ffd4

Show 100 • entries

A broad ecosystem of workloads

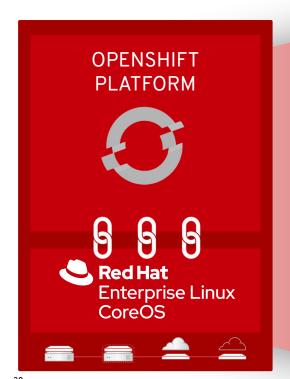
Operator-backed services allow for a SaaS experience on your own infrastructure





Operators - Simplify Complexity

Openshift Gains New Capabilities Every Day





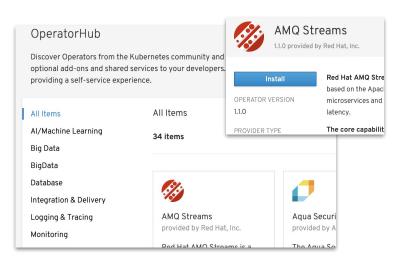
The Value Of Kubernetes Operators

Requires custom Operator built with SDK No need for operator Phase I Phase II Phase III Phase IV Phase V Installation **Upgrades** Lifecycle **Deep Insights Auto-pilot Automated** Patch and minor App lifecycle, storage Metrics, alerts, log Horizontal/vertical version upgrades lifecycle (backup, processing and scaling, auto config application provisioning and supported failure recovery) workload analysis tuning, abnormal configuration detection, scheduling management tuning... ANSIBLE **Red Hat**

31

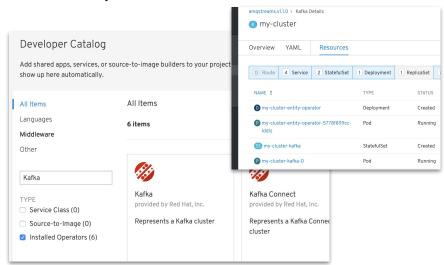
OperatorHub In OpenShift 4

For Cluster Admins:



- Discovery/install/upgrade of Operators
- Community, Red Hat products, Certified ISVs
- Granular access via specific Projects

For Developers:



- Developers can't see admin screens
- Operator capabilities are exposed in Catalog
- Self-service management



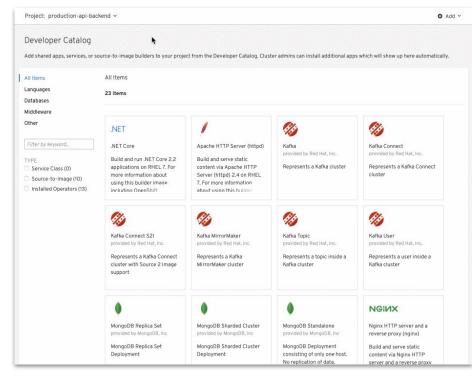
Services Ready For Your Developers

New Developer Catalog aggregates apps

- Blended view of Operators, Templates and Broker backed services
- Operators can expose multiple CRDs. Example:
 - MongoDBReplicaSet
 - MongoDBSharded Cluster
 - MongoDBStandalone
- Developers can't see any of the admin screens

Self-service is key for productivity

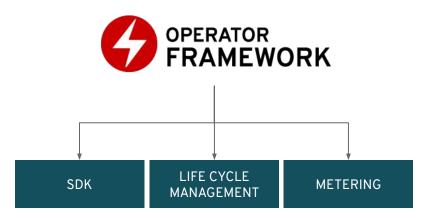
 Developers with access can change settings and test out new services at any time





Operator Framework

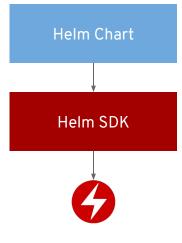
Operators codify operational knowledge and workflows to automate life cycle management of containerized applications with Kubernetes



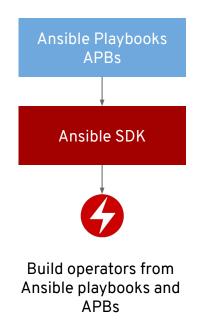


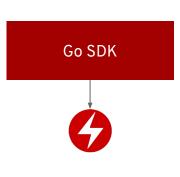


Build Operators For Your Apps



Build operators from Helm chart, without any coding





Build advanced operators for full lifecycle management



Red Hat Operator SDK as of 4.3

Operator Testing (scorecard v2)

- Operator tests now categorized as required/optional
- Configurable test selection and pass/fail behavior
- Ship Custom tests

Framework Integration

Single command to deploy OLM:
 operatork-sdk alpha [install|uninstall|status] olm

Ansible-based Operator

- Support for Prometheus Metrics
- Uses UBI base-image
- Molecule-based e2e testing

Helm-based Operator

- Helm v3 support (starting SDK 0.14.0)
- SDK automatically generates RBAC for your chart

Golang-based Operator

- Generate OpenAPI spec
- Supporting Kubernetes 1.14
- Go module support
- Controller-runtime 0.2.0
- Support for Prometheus Metrics
- Upstreamed Operator SDK features into k8s



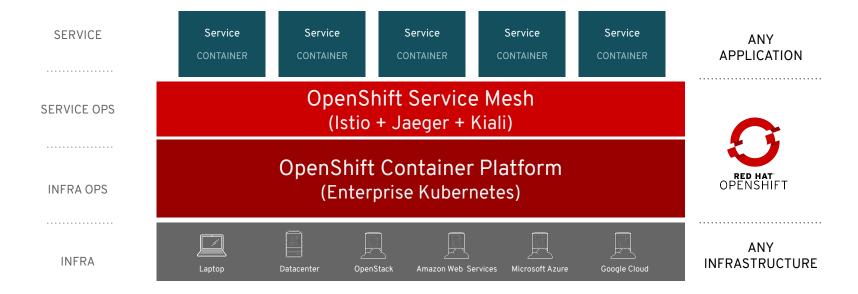
Next wave of developer tools

OpenShift has all of the latest tools to make your devs more productive

Code	Containers
Serverless	Service Mesh



Red Hat Service Mesh



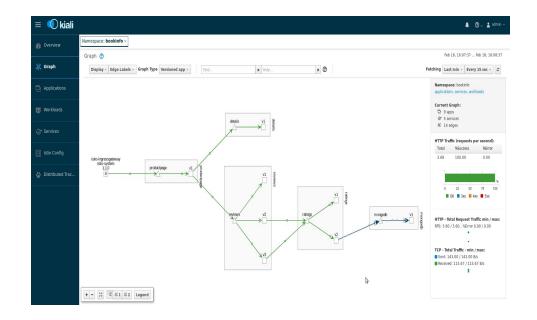


Red Hat Service Mesh

Key Features

- A dedicated network for service to service communications
- Observability and distributed tracing
- Policy-driven security
- Routing rules & chaos engineering
- Powerful visualization & monitoring
- Will be available via OperatorHub

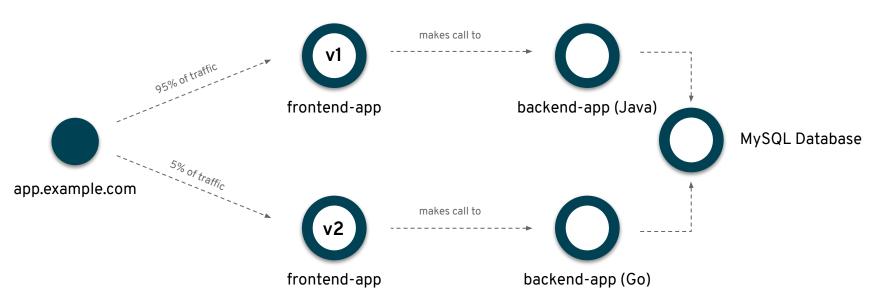






Control Traffic Flow

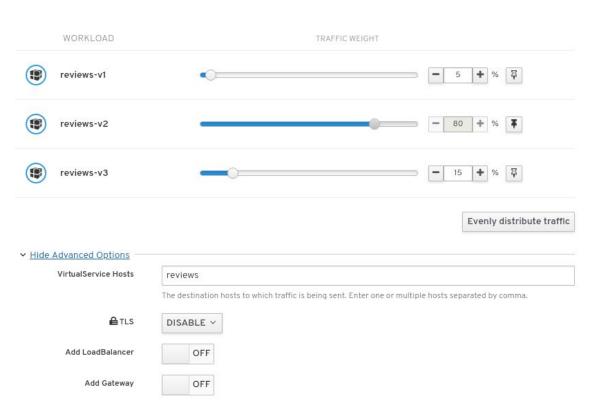
Control flow of traffic between application components





Create Weighted Routing

Guided
Configuration of
Traffic Policies





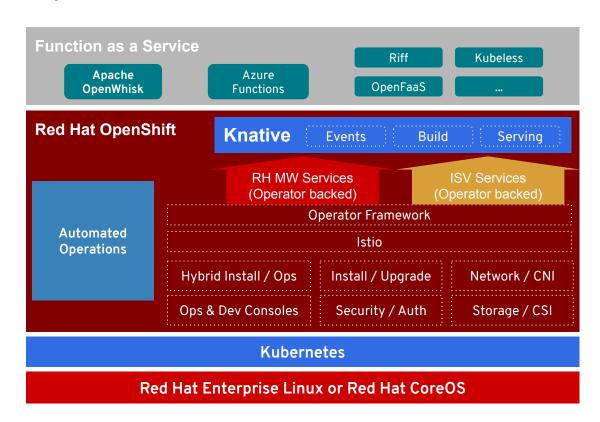
Red Hat OpenShift And Serverless

Developer experience APIs, CLI, service binding

Building blocks for serverless Source-centric and container-based

The leading enterprise Kubernetes platform Automated Operations Build an run anywhere (Hybrid Cloud)







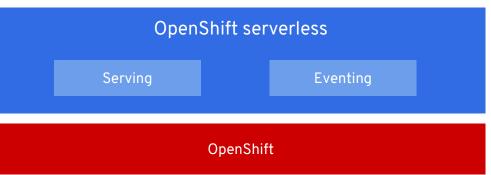
OpenShift Serverless + Azure Functions

Functions as a Service



Building blocks for Containers & Microservices

Kubernetes





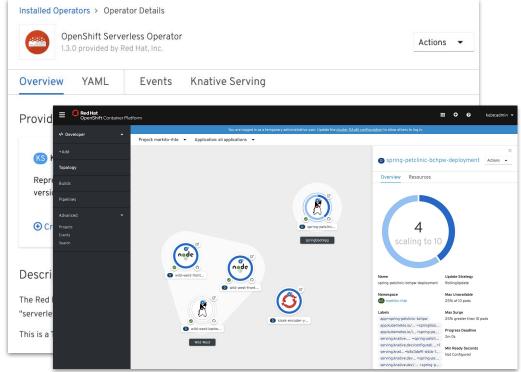
Key features and updates

- Serverless Operator v1.3.0
- Knative v0.10
- OLM dependency resolution for Service Mesh
- Dropped support for Kubernetes 1.14 (OCP 4.1)

Learn more

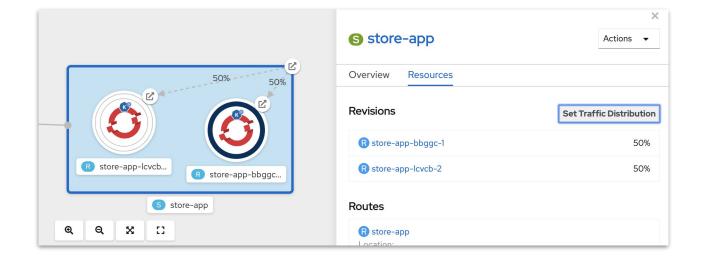
https://openshift.com/learn/topics/serverless

Knative Tutorial

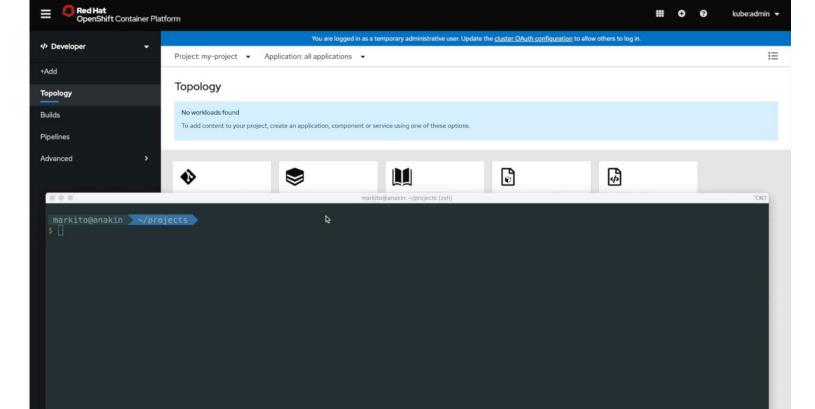




Traffic Split for Revisions



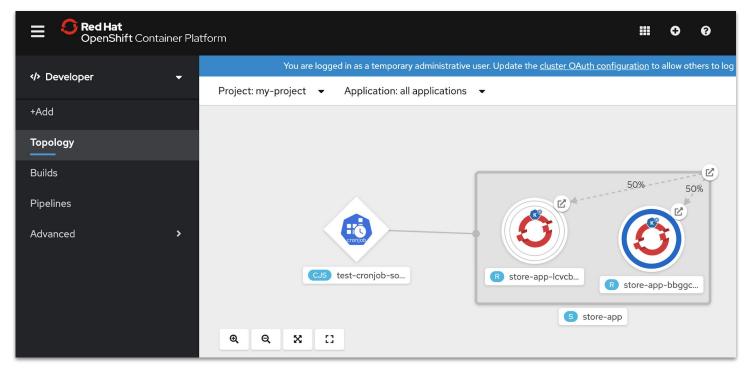




CLI & UI Integration

Event Sources

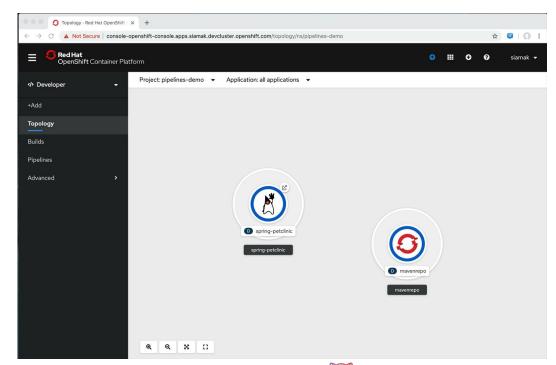
- → KafkaSource
- → CamelSource
- → CronJobSource
- → ContainerSource
- → ApiServerSource





Cloud-native CI/CD with OpenShift Pipelines

- Based on Tekton Pipelines
- Runs serverless (no Cl engine!)
- Containers as building blocks
- Build images with Kubernetes tools
 (s2i, buildah, kaniko, jib, buildpack, etc)
- Pipelines portable to any Kubernetes
- Available in OperatorHub
- Tekton CLI

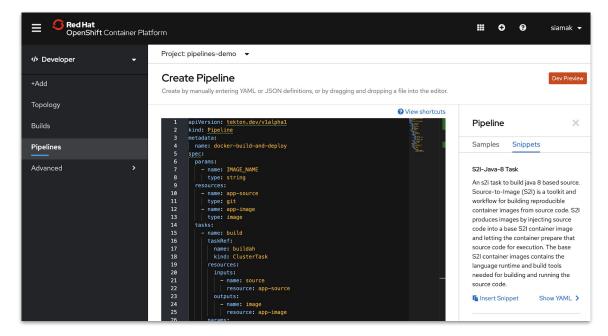






OpenShift Pipelines in OCP 4.3

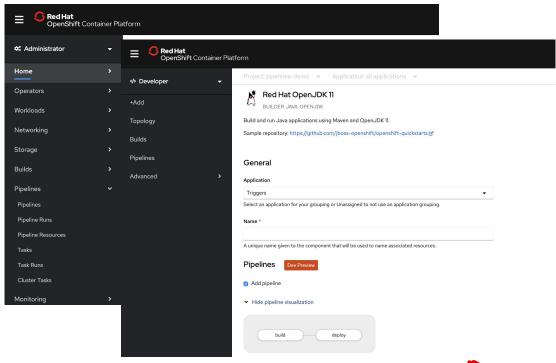
- Git triggers (webhook)
- Automated RBAC setup
- Default curated tasks
- Pipeline metrics in Prometheus
- Pipeline samples and Task ref snippets in YAML editor





OpenShift Pipelines in OCP 4.3

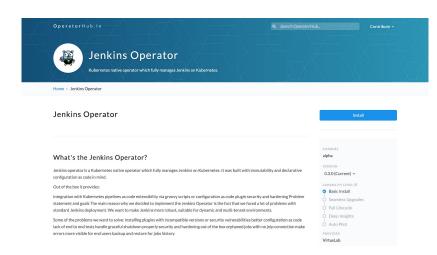
- Default pipeline on app import (+Add) in Dev Console
- Pipeline objects in Admin Console
- New Tekton CLI commands
 - Start pipelines
 - Start tasks
 - Create resources





Jenkins

- Jenkins server on JDK 8 & 11
- Jenkins agents
 - JDK 11
 - Node.js 10
- Official Jenkins Operator
 - o <u>github.com/jenkinsci/kubernetes-operator</u>
 - Available in OperatorHub.io
 - Developer Preview on OCP 4.3
 - Collaboration upstream





CodeReady Containers: OpenShift on your Laptop

New in 4.3:

- Automatic certificate rotation for internal node<->master communication
- 4.3 embedded GA version targeted for February 4th
- Ongoing updates with 4.2 z-stream updates
- Deprecated: removed VirtualBox support
- crc version outputs embedded OCP version number
- Many stability fixes around host networking

Provides a pre-built development environment based on **Red Hat Enterprise Linux** and **OpenShift** for quick container-based application development. Use with OpenShift on-premises or cloud.

```
$ crc setup
Prepare your machine for running OpenShift

$ crc start
Start with the Hyperkit 4.3 bundle

$ crc status
Get the status of the cluster
```



OpenShift Console

The future is now.

Extending the Console	Improve Observability
Administration made easy	Developer Focused

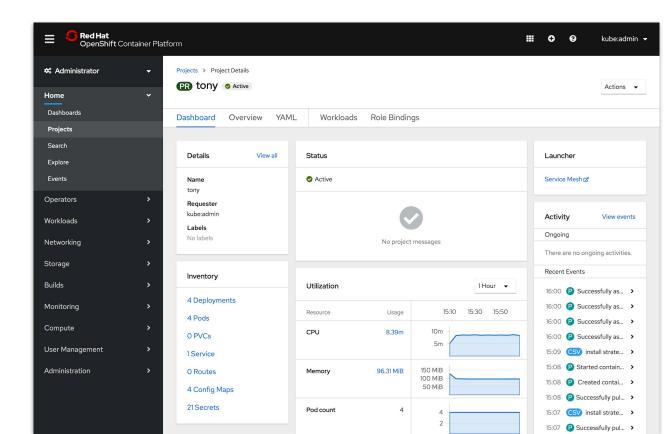


Enhanced Visibility with the New Project Dashboard

Project-scope Dashboard gives Developer Clear Insights

Drill down in context from the new project dashboard widgets:

- Project Details
- Project Status/Health
- Project External Links (Launcher)
- Project Inventory
- Project Utilization
- Project Resource Quota
- Project Activity (Top consumers)



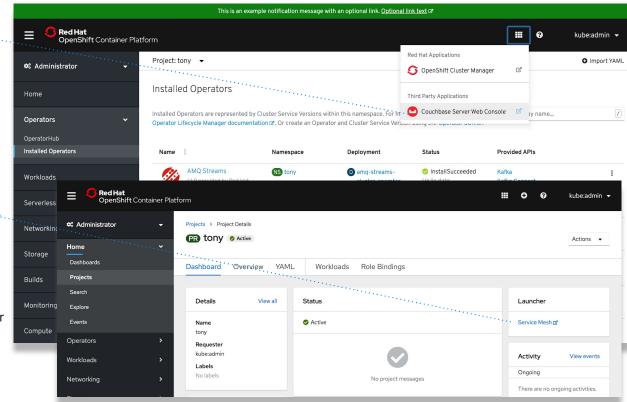
Expose Third Party App Console for Operator-backed Services

"Cluster-wide" ConsoleLink CRD

 Easily integrate/onboard cluster-wide third-party user interfaces to develop, administer, and configure
 Operator-backed services.

"Project-scoped" ConsoleLink CRD

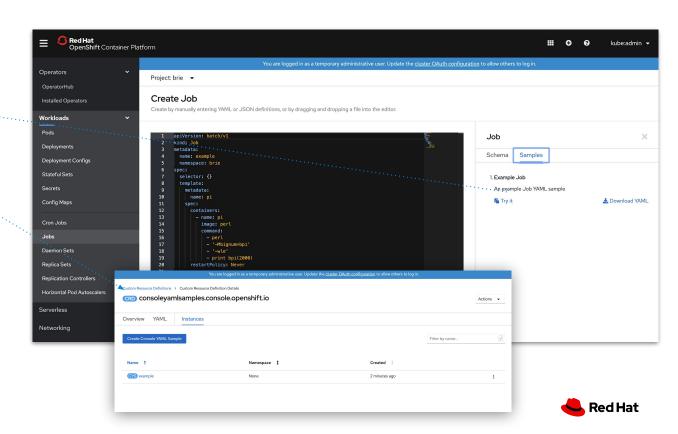
- Customize the access to integrated project-scoped third-party user interfaces for your users.
- With the project-scoped external link launch mechanism, link in context to your interface.



Add YAML Samples for a specific resource

Educate your Users with an Easy Way to Understand Kubernetes Resources

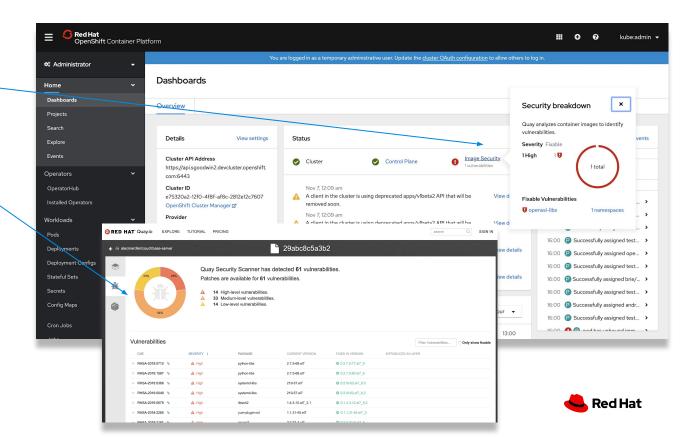
- You can now add cluster-wide samples to any Kube Resource with Console YAMLSamples CRD.
- Each team that manages kube resources owns their samples and should make it part of their Operator.
- Any Operators can add YAML samples including Third-Party ISVs



View Security Vulnerabilities with the Quay Operator

See all your Container Vulnerabilities right from the Console Dashboard

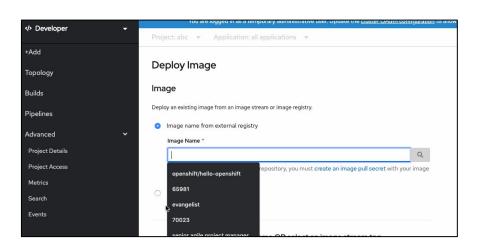
- Link out to **Red Hat Quay** for more in depth information
- The Quay Operator supports both
 On-premise and External Quay
 Registries
- Currently uses Clair for Security
 Scan; Planning to expand to other
 Vendors(TwistLock, Agua, e.g.)
- Only works for images managed by Quay



Deploy Applications streamlining flows

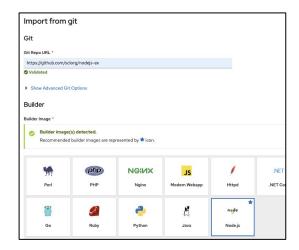
Deploy Image from Internal Registry

- Allow for rapidly deploying with alternate paths
- No need to repush/pull images



Auto-detect builder image

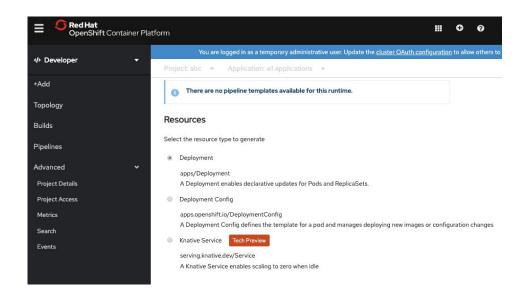
 Recommends builder images based on detected language by git provider





Deploy Applications alternate deployment targets

- Default to Kubernetes Deployments
- Alternately can use OpenShift's
 DeploymentConfigs or Knative Service
 (tech preview) objects
- Advanced options changes accordingly





Application Topology streamlined flows

- Toggle between List and Topology views
- Easily group applications
- Connect/bind applications easily
- Contextual actions
- Quickly delete applications





Service Binding easily connecting apps

- Leverages new ServiceBindingRequest and
 Operator to handle binding requests
- Easily create in Topology by dropping connector to valid drop target
- Injects config into source pod template as environment variables as a secret
- Pods are redeployed to pick up binding credentials



Learn more about service binding:

https://github.com/redhat-developer/service-binding-operator



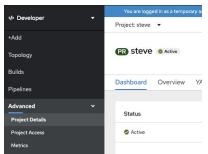
Project Details & Access

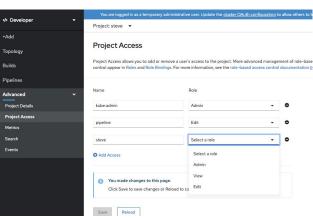
Project Details

- Quick access to current project details
- View dashboard for status and resource utilization
- Actions for edit or delete

Project Access

- Simplify sharing projects
- Reduces to a simple set of Roles that developer frequently use



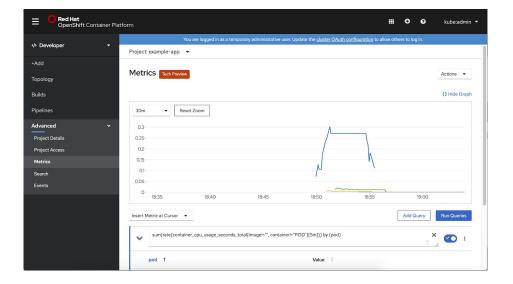




Application Metrics

Quick access to key application metrics

- Use of Prometheus Query Language
- Easily build up queries and plot to visualize application and component trends





Thank you

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