



OPENSHIFT[®]

by Red Hat[®]

A in-depth technical look at OpenShift Enterprise 3.1



OpenShift Enables Both Dev and Ops

Self-Service



Multi-Language



Automation



Collaboration



Standards Based



Web Scale



Open Source



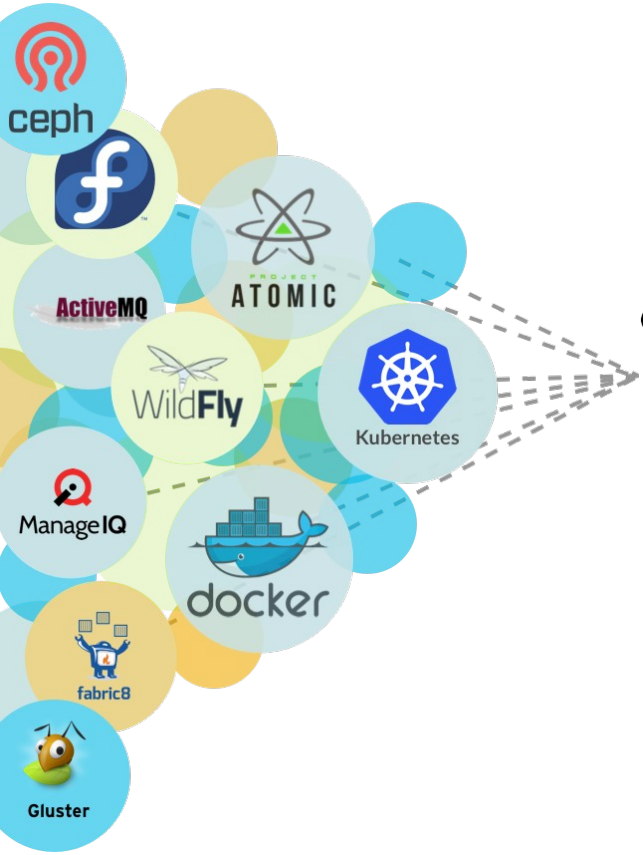
Enterprise Grade



OPENSHIFT[®]

by Red Hat[®]

Community Powered Innovation



OPENSIFT
origin



OPENSIFT
ENTERPRISE
by Red Hat®



OPENSIFT
DEDICATED
by Red Hat®



OPENSIFT
ONLINE
by Red Hat®

Openshift 3.1 - Open Source Components



Metrics



Installation



Logging with EFK

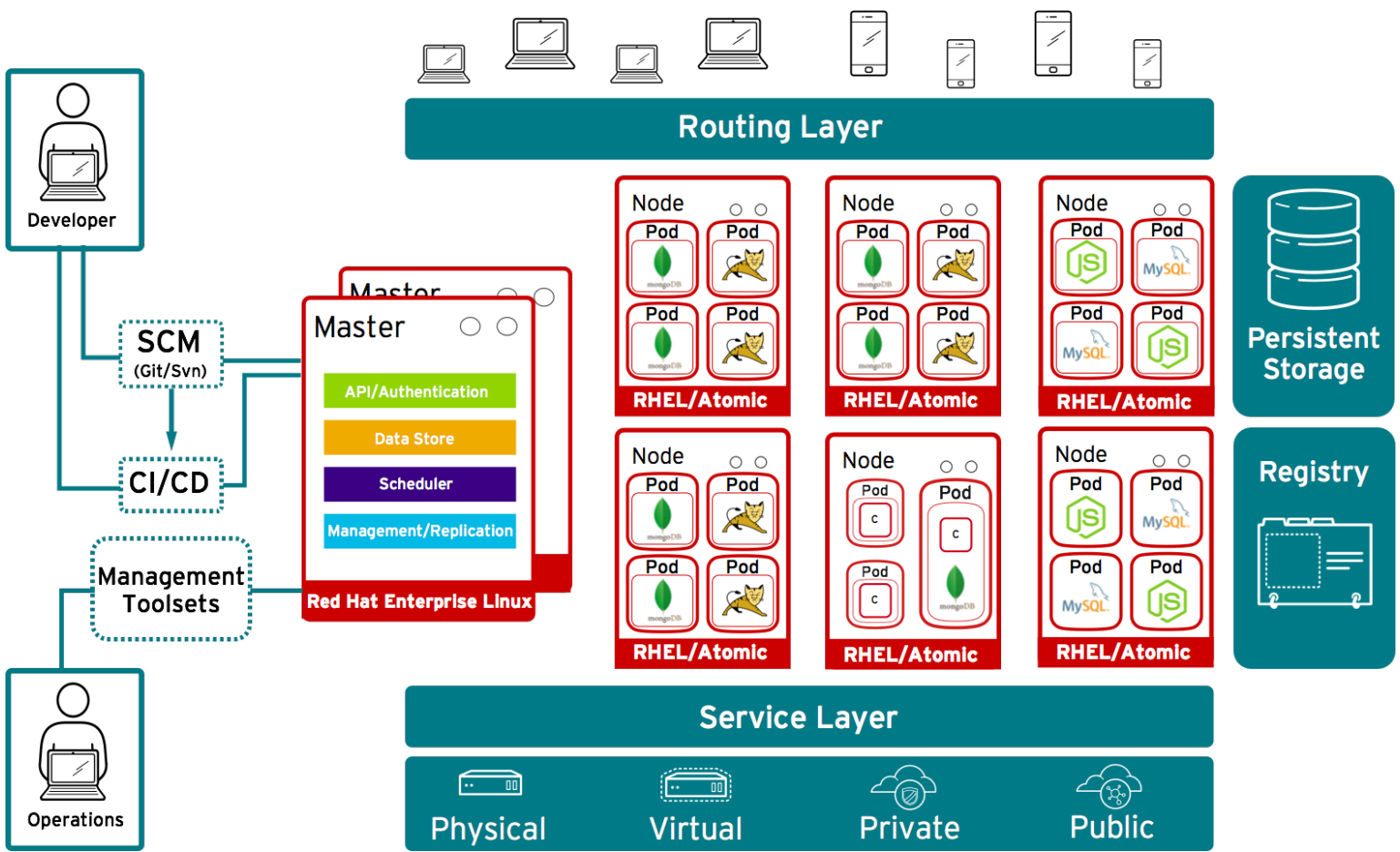


fluentd



Architecture

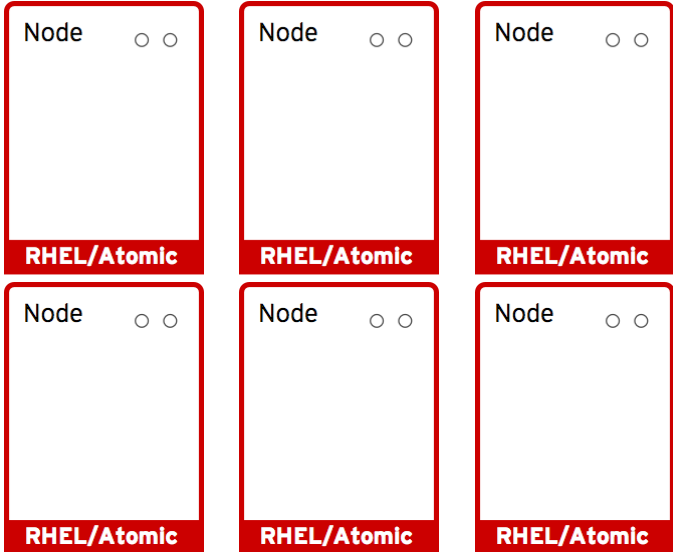
10,000ft View



OpenShift runs on your choice of infrastructure

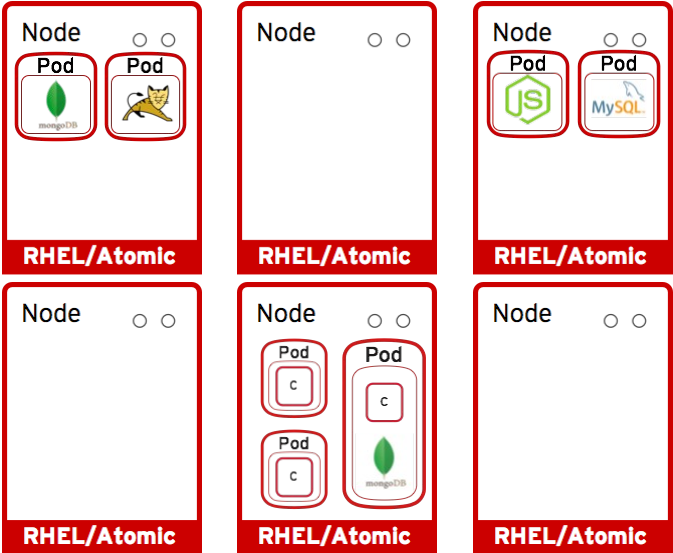


Nodes are instances of RHEL where apps will run



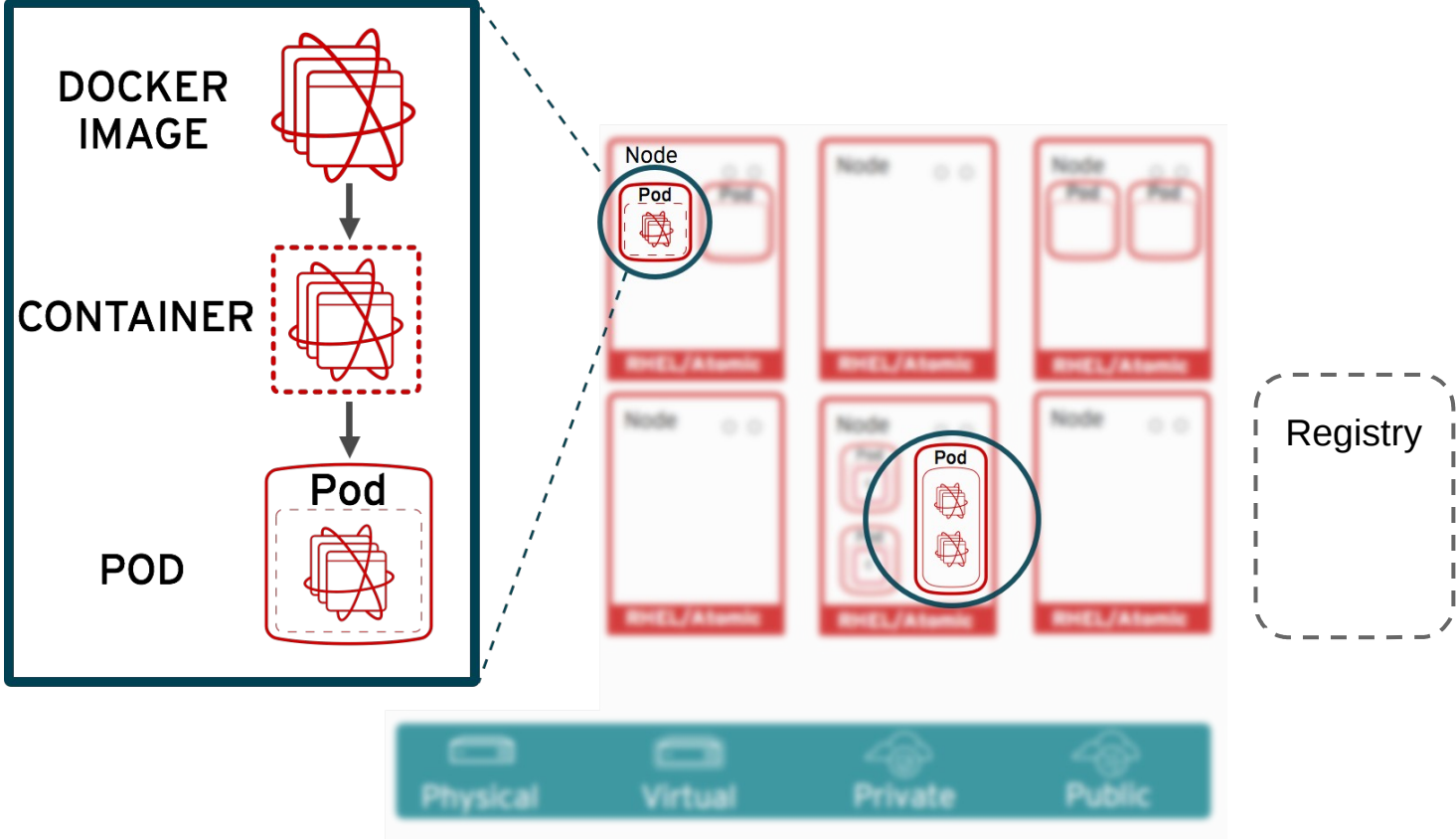
Physical Virtual Private Public

App services run in docker containers on each node

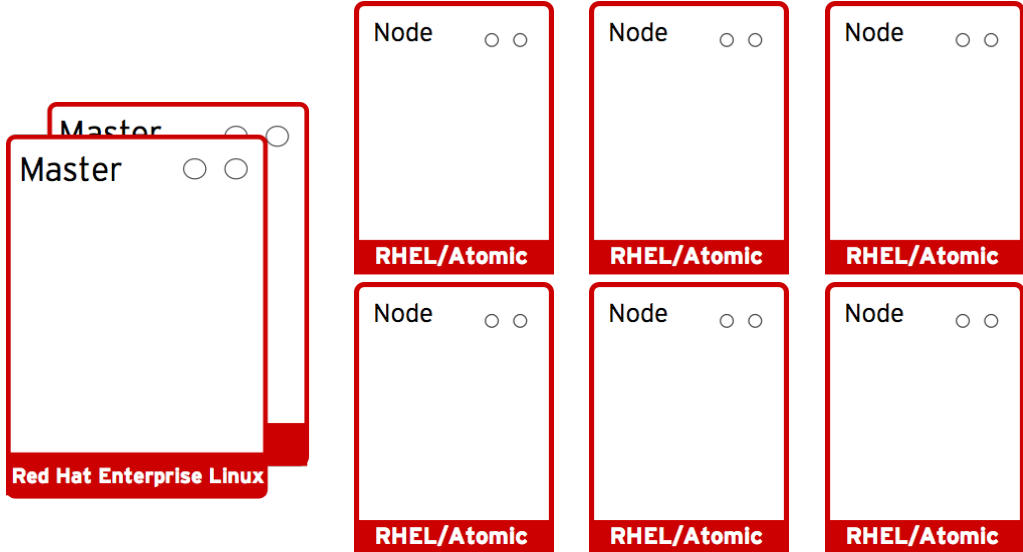


Physical Virtual Private Public

Pods run one or more docker containers as a unit

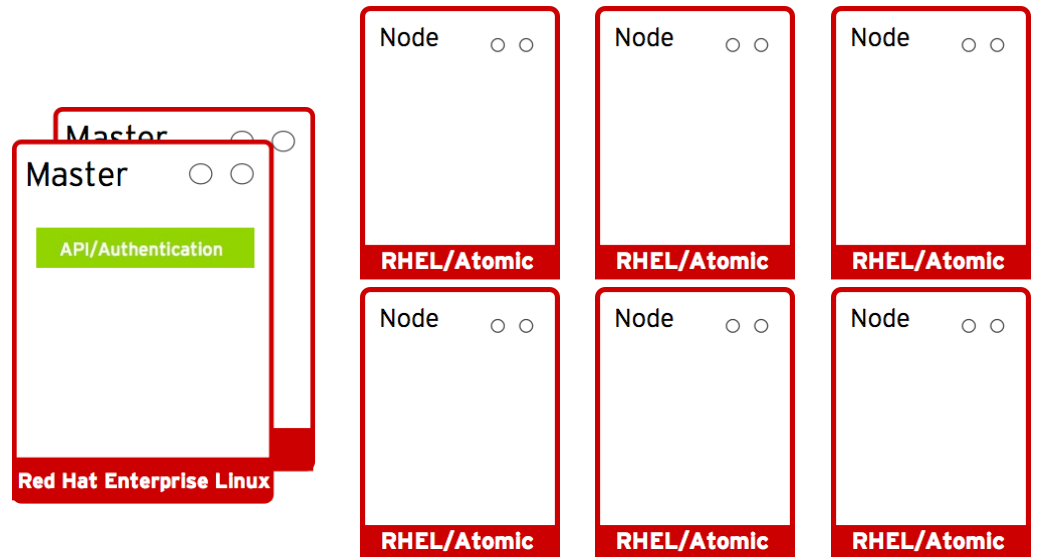


Masters leverage kubernetes to orchestrate nodes / apps



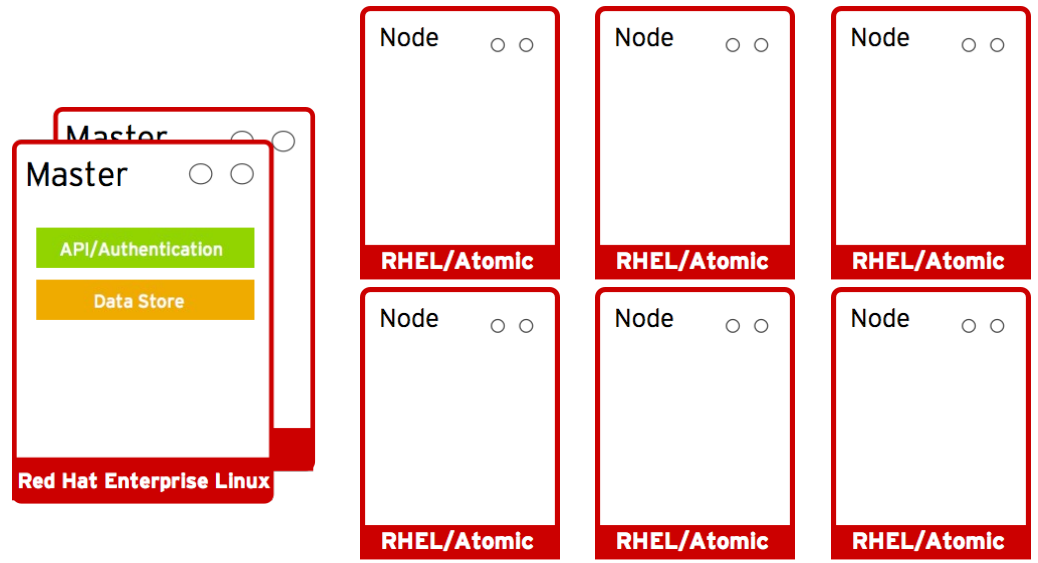
Physical Virtual Private Public

Master provides authenticated API for users & clients



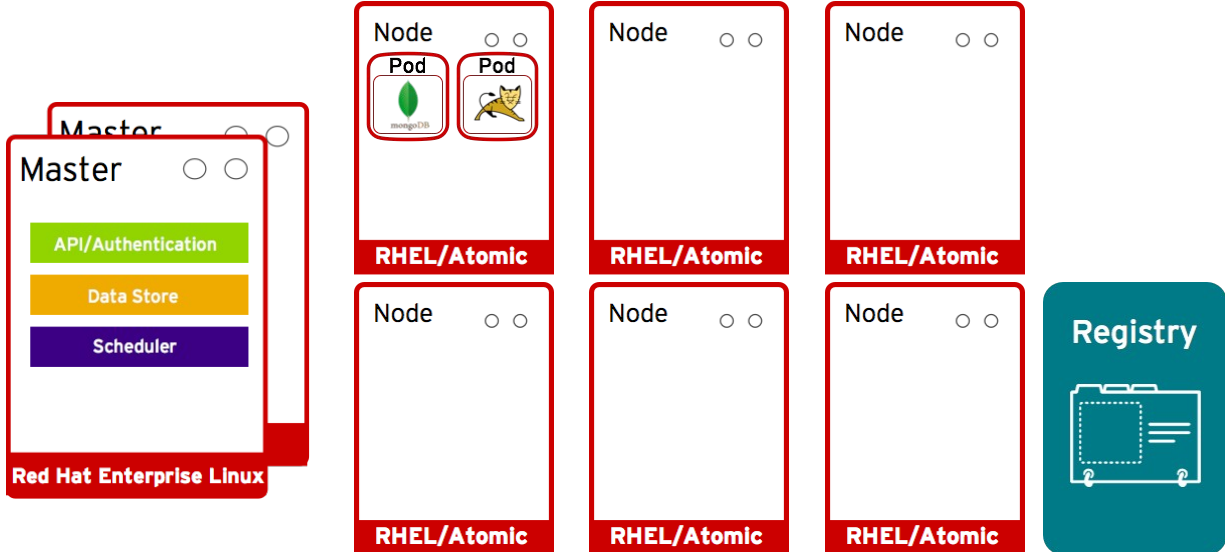
Physical Virtual Private Public

Master uses etcd key-value data store for persistence



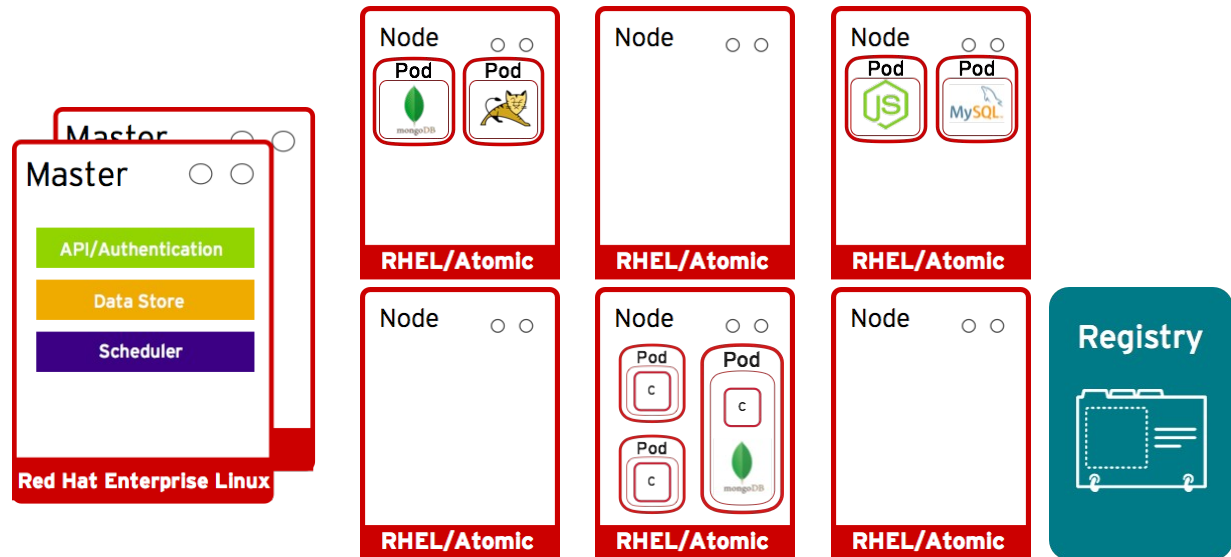
Physical Virtual Private Public

Master provides scheduler for pod placement on nodes



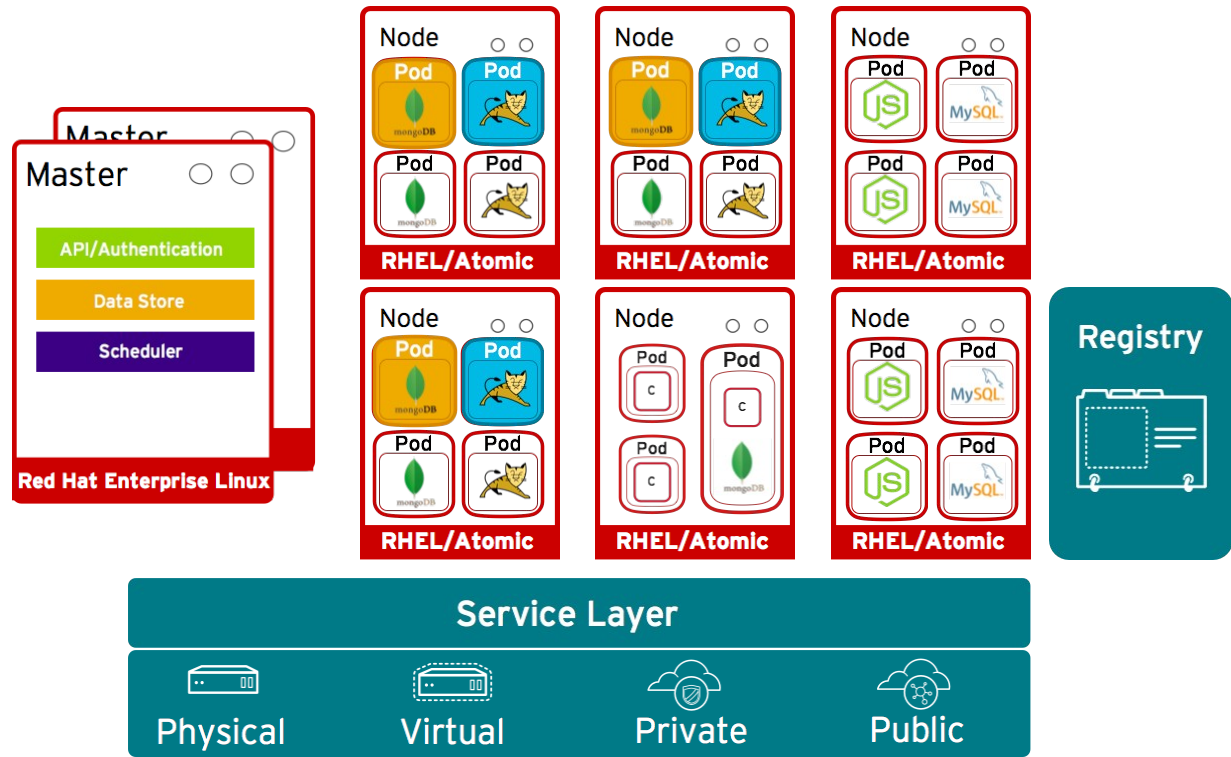
- Physical
- Virtual
- Private
- Public

Pod placement is determined based on defined policy

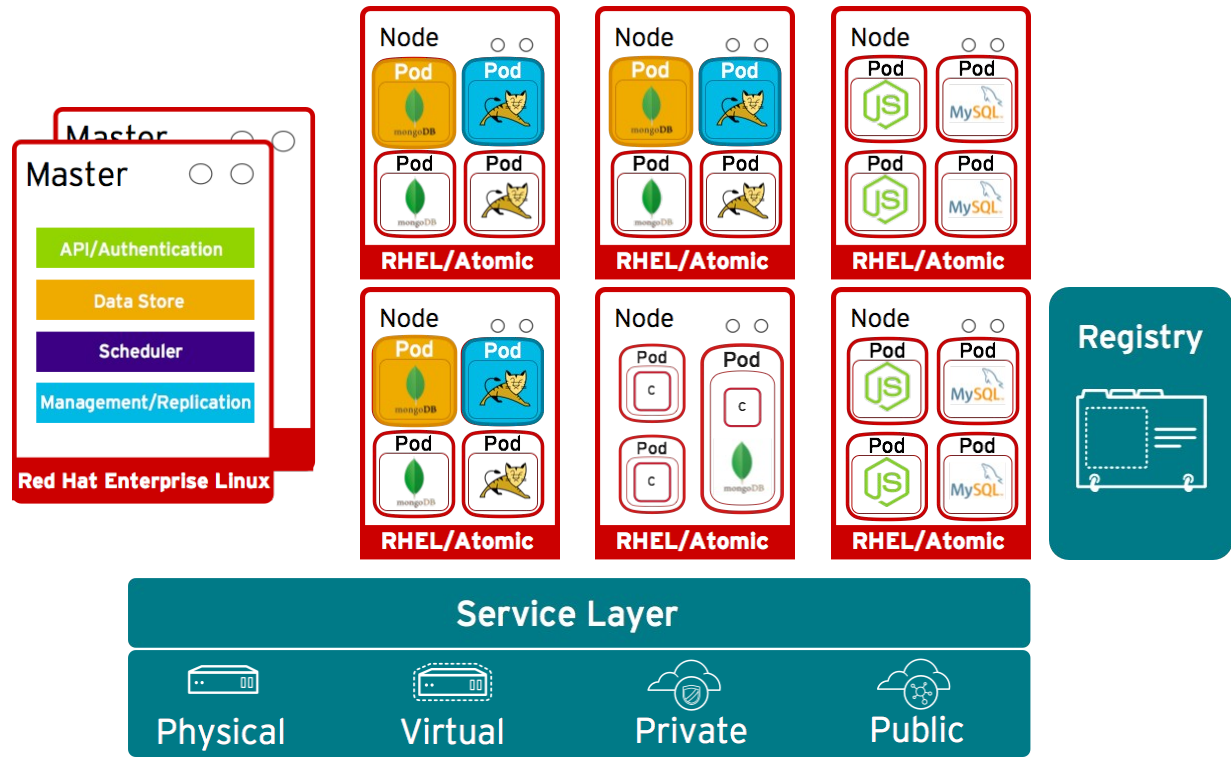


Physical Virtual Private Public

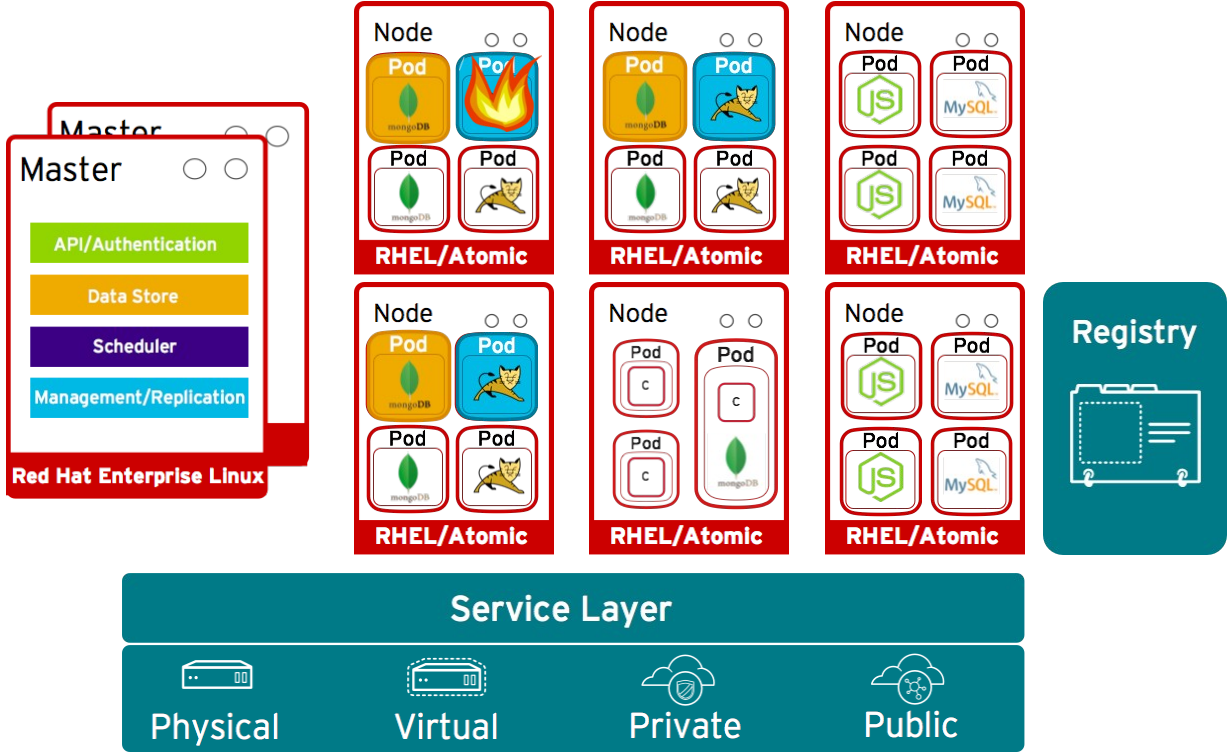
Services allow related pods to connect to each other



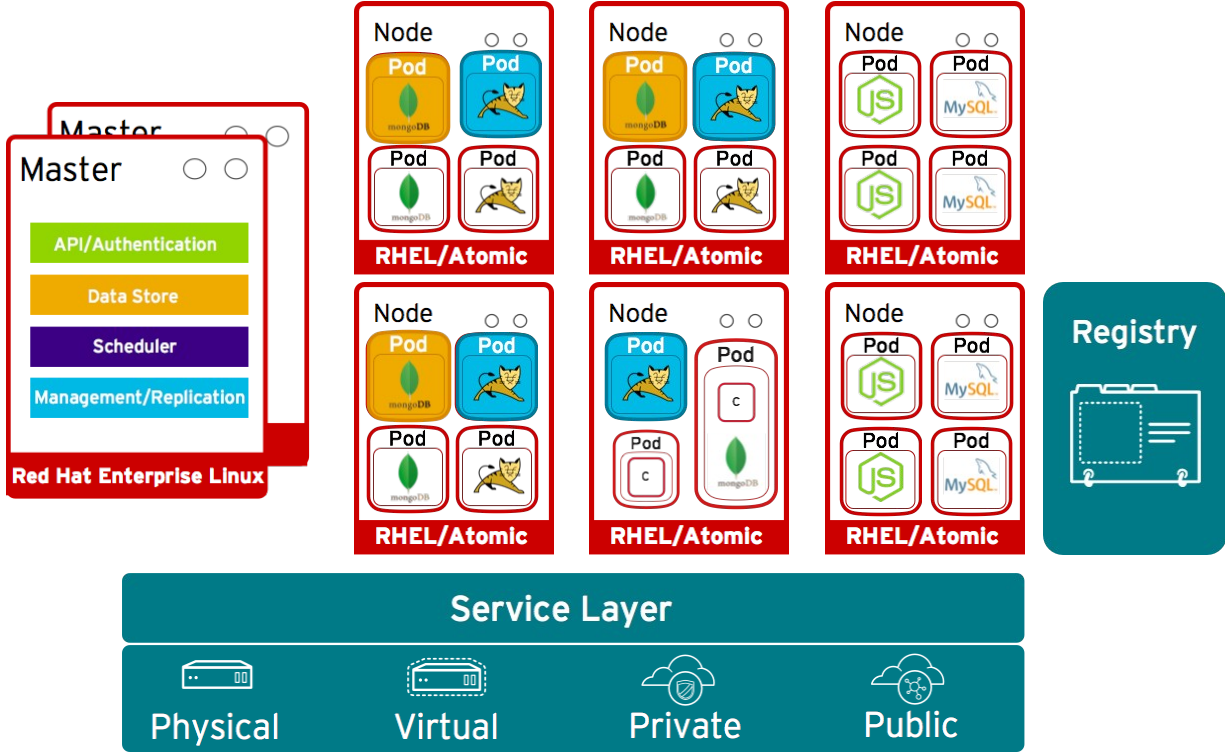
Management/Replication controller manages the pod lifecycle



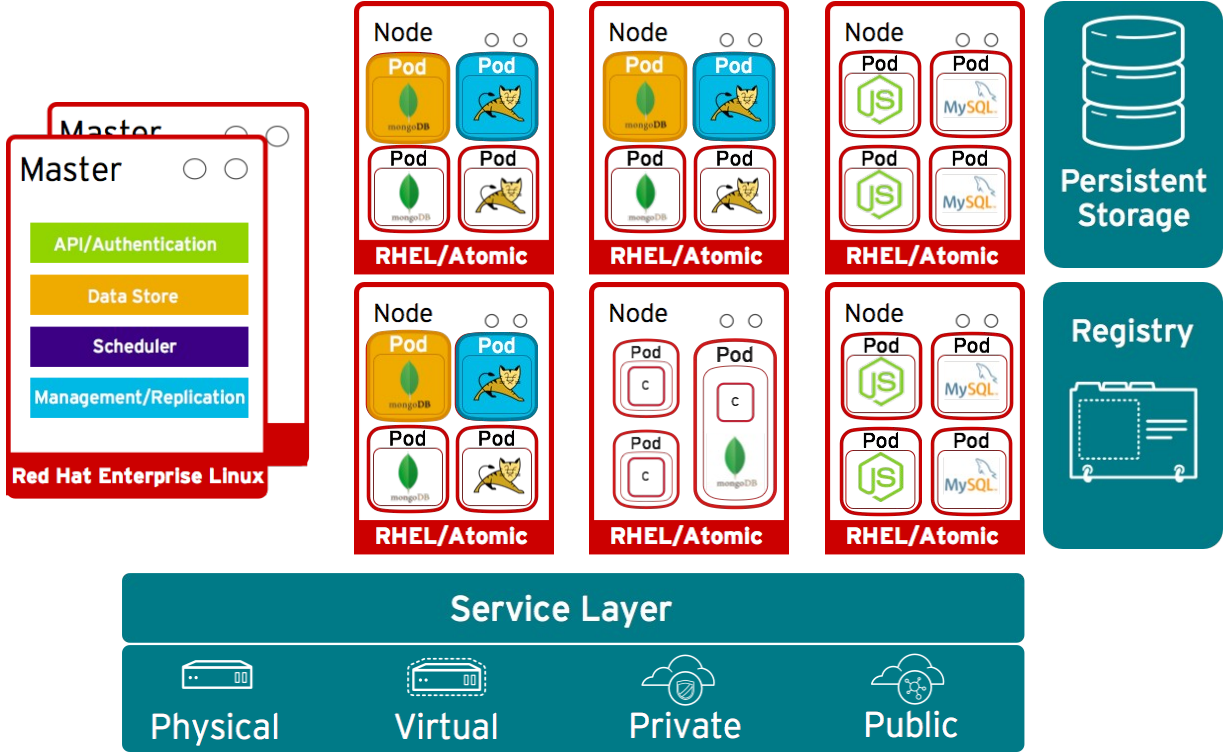
What if a pod goes down?



OpenShift automatically recovers and deploys a new Pod



Pods can attach to shared storage for stateful services



Routing layer routes external app requests to pods



Routing Layer

Master
Master

- API/Authentication
- Data Store
- Scheduler
- Management/Replication

Red Hat Enterprise Linux

Node Pod (mongoDB) Pod (cat) Pod (mongoDB) Pod (cat) RHEL/Atomic	Node Pod (mongoDB) Pod (cat) Pod (mongoDB) Pod (cat) RHEL/Atomic	Node Pod (JS) Pod (MySQL) Pod (JS) Pod (MySQL) RHEL/Atomic
Node Pod (mongoDB) Pod (cat) Pod (mongoDB) Pod (cat) RHEL/Atomic	Node Pod (c) Pod (c) Pod (c) Pod (mongoDB) RHEL/Atomic	Node Pod (JS) Pod (MySQL) Pod (JS) Pod (MySQL) RHEL/Atomic

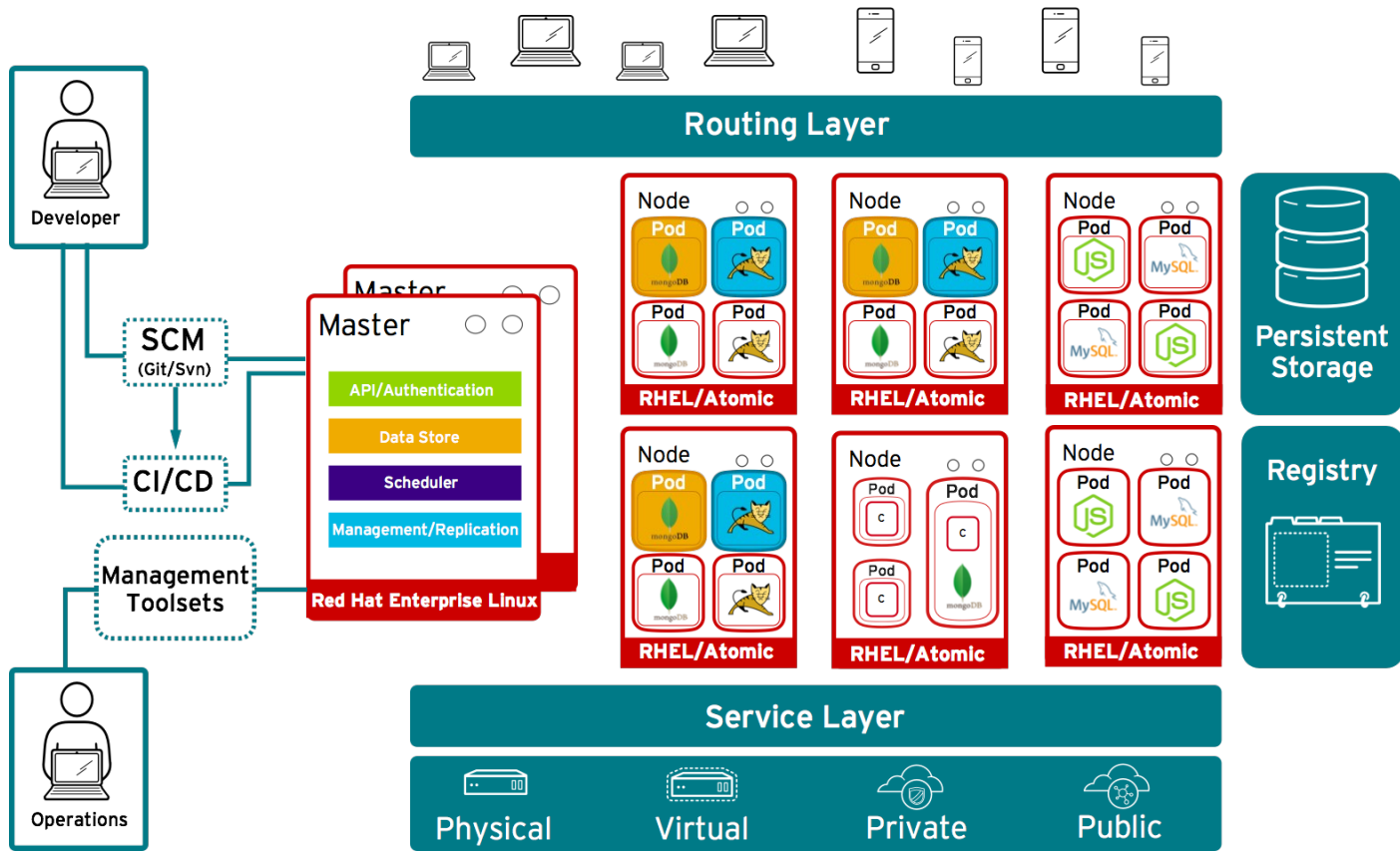
Persistent Storage

Registry

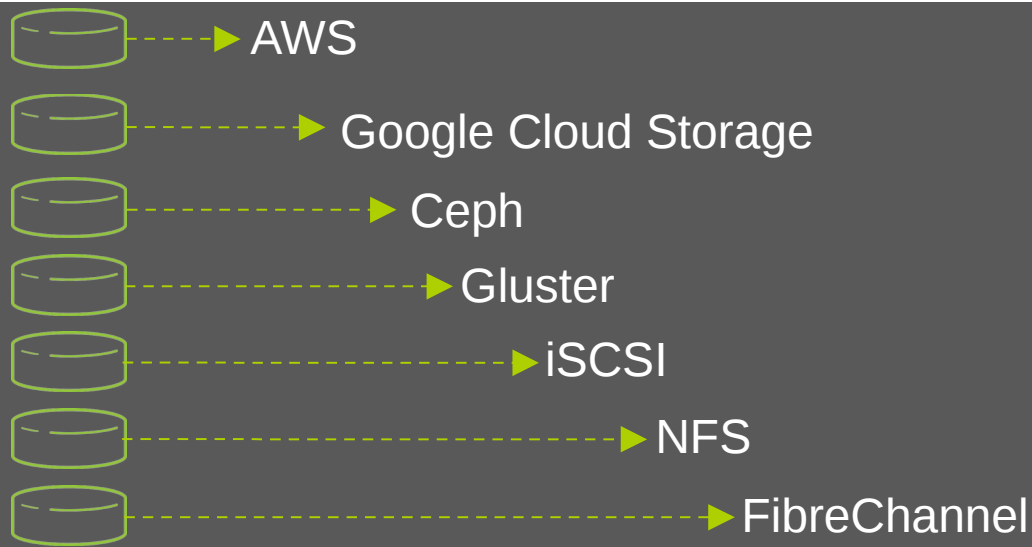
Service Layer

Physical Virtual Private Public

Developers access openShift via web, CLI or IDE



Storage Capabilities for stateful applications



New!

Storage Plugins

Attach persistent storage to your containers from a wide range of storage solutions.

Installation and first contact

Installation Openshift Enterprise 3.1

**** NAME RESOLUTION

Use IDM

AA record is needed (*.app.ose.dom)

REPOSITORIES REQUIRED

rhel-7-server-rpms

rhel-7-server-extras-rpms

rhel-7-server-ose-3.1-rpms

```
# yum install -y git net-tools bind-utils iptables-services bridge-utils
```

```
# yum -y install atomic-openshift-utils
```

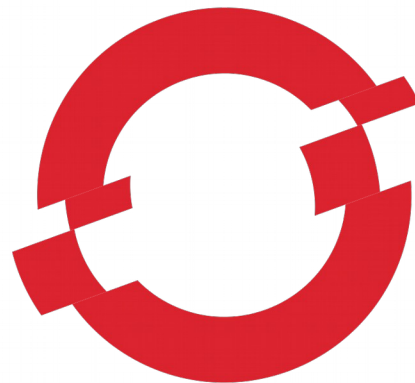
```
# yum -y install docker
```

Other steps : Configure Docker + Docker storage, install Openshift, configure the authentication, configure a registry then configure the router

(<https://access.redhat.com/documentation/en/openshift-enterprise/3.1/installation-and-configuration/chapter-2-installing>)

```
# oc login
```

To access the web console : <https://openshift.dom:8443>



OPENS SHIFT

First contact with OpenShift 3



CREATE A NEW USER

```
[root@os3 ~]# htpasswd -c /etc/origin/users.htpasswd georges
```

LOGIN AS A USER

```
[root@os3 ~]# oc login
Authentication required for https://os3.mlc.dom:8443 (openshift)
Username: georges
Password:
Login successful.
```

You don't have any projects. You can try to create a new project, by running

```
$ oc new-project <projectname>
```

LOGIN AS AN ADMIN

```
[root@os3 ~]# oc login -u system:admin -n default
```

You have access to the following projects and can switch between them with 'oc project <projectname>':

- * default (current)
- * openshift
- * openshift-infra
- * template2

Using project "default".



RED HAT® OPENSIFT ENTERPRISE

Username

Password

Log In

Welcome to Red Hat® OpenShift Enterprise.

Welcome to OpenShift.

OpenShift helps you quickly develop, host, and scale applications.

Create a project for your application.

[New Project](#)

To learn more, visit the OpenShift [documentation](#).

First contact with Openshift 3

LOGIN AS A USER AND CREATE A NEW PROJECT

```
[root@os3 ~]# oc new-project georges  
Now using project "georges" on server "https://os3.mlc.dom:8443".
```

CREATE AN APPLICATION (using a container from Docker Hub)

```
[root@os3 ~]# oc new-app kubernetes/guestbook  
--> Found Docker image a49fe18 (15 months old) from Docker Hub for "kubernetes/guestbook"  
* An image stream will be created as "guestbook:latest" that will track this image  
* This image will be deployed in deployment config "guestbook"  
* Port 3000/tcp will be load balanced by service "guestbook"  
--> Creating resources with label app=guestbook ...  
ImageStream "guestbook" created  
DeploymentConfig "guestbook" created  
Service "guestbook" created  
--> Success  
Run 'oc status' to view your app.
```

```
[root@os3 ~]# oc get pods  
NAME             READY   STATUS    RESTARTS   AGE  
guestbook-1-deploy 1/1     Running   0           4s  
guestbook-1-t2xos 1/1     Running   0           2s
```

```
[root@os3 ~]# oc get service  
NAME      CLUSTER_IP      EXTERNAL_IP  PORT(S)  SELECTOR                                AGE  
guestbook 172.30.166.174 <none>      3000/TCP app=guestbook,deploymentconfig=guestbook 22m
```

Projects

[New Project](#)

georges



A project admin can add you as an admin to a project by running the command `oc policy add-role-to-user admin georges -n <projectname>`

Projects

georges



Filter by labels

Label key

Add

Add to Project



Overview



Browse



Settings

georges



Details

SERVICE

guestbook

3000/TCP → 3000

[Create Route](#)DEPLOYMENT: GUESTBOOK, #1a minute ago from image change

CONTAINER: GUESTBOOK

 Image: [kubernetes/guestbook \(a49fe18\)](#)

Ports: 3000/TCP

Select an object to see more details.

A **pod** contains one or more Docker containers that run together on a node, containing your application code.

A **service** groups pods and provides a common DNS name and an optional, load-balanced IP address to access them.

A **deployment** is an update to your application, triggered by a changed image or configuration.

First contact with Openshift 3

EXPOSE A SERVICE

```
[root@os3 ~]# oc expose service guestbook  
route "guestbook" exposed
```

```
[root@os3 ~]# oc get route
```

NAME	HOST/PORT	PATH	SERVICE	LABELS	INSECURE POLICY	TLS TERMINATION
guestbook	guestbook-georges.app.os3.mlc.dom		guestbook	app=guestbook		

Projects

georges



Filter by labels

Label key

Add

Add to Project



Overview



Browse



Settings

georges



Details

SERVICE: GUESTBOOK

3000/TCP → 3000

[guestbook-georges.app.os3.mlc.dom](#)DEPLOYMENT: GUESTBOOK, #12 minutes ago from image change

CONTAINER: GUESTBOOK

 Image: [kubernetes/guestbook \(a49fe18\)](#)

Ports: 3000/TCP

Select an object to see more details.

A **pod** contains one or more Docker containers that run together on a node, containing your application code.

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Guestbook

Waiting for database connection...

<http://guestbook-georges.app.os3.mlc.dom/>
[/env](#) [/info](#)

Replication Controllers (RC)

Used to specify and then ensure the desired number of Pods (replicas) are in existence

DeploymentConfiguration(DC)

Defines how something in Openshift should be deployed

```
[root@os3] # oc get rc
CONTROLLER CONTAINER(S) IMAGE(S) SELECTOR
REPLICAS AGE
guestbook-1 guestbook kubernetes/guestbook@sha256:a49fe18bb57c8eee16e2002987e041f5ae9b5b70ae7b3d49eb60e5c26b9c6bd0
app=guestbook,deployment=guestbook-1,deploymentconfig=guestbook 1 10m
```

```
[root@os3 key]# oc get dc
NAME TRIGGERS LATEST
guestbook ConfigChange, ImageChange 1
```

SCALING UP

```
[root@os3]# oc scale --replicas=3 rc guestbook-1  
replicationcontroller "guestbook-1" scaled
```

The screenshot shows the OpenShift Web Console interface in a Mozilla Firefox browser. The address bar displays the URL `https://os3.mlc.dom:8443/console/project/georges/overview`. The page title is "OpenShift Web Console - Mozilla Firefox".

The main content area is titled "georges" and shows the following details:

- SERVICE : GUESTBOOK** 3000/TCP → 3000
[guestbook-georges.app.os3.mlc.dom](#)
- DEPLOYMENT: GUESTBOOK, #1** 16 minutes ago from [image change](#)
- 3 pods** (indicated by a circular progress indicator)
- CONTAINER: GUESTBOOK**
 - Image: `kubernetes/guestbook (a49fe18)`
 - Ports: 3000/TCP

The right-hand sidebar contains a "Details" section with the following text:

Select an object to see more details.

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Projects

georges

Filter by labels

Label key

Add

Add to Project

Overview

Browse

Settings

georges



Details



Select an object to see more details.

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A **deployment** is an update to your application, triggered by a changed image or configuration.

A low-angle, green-tinted photograph of a container yard. In the center, a large container is being lifted by a crane. The scene is filled with stacks of containers and industrial structures, creating a sense of depth and scale. The text "Source to image" is overlaid in white on the central container.

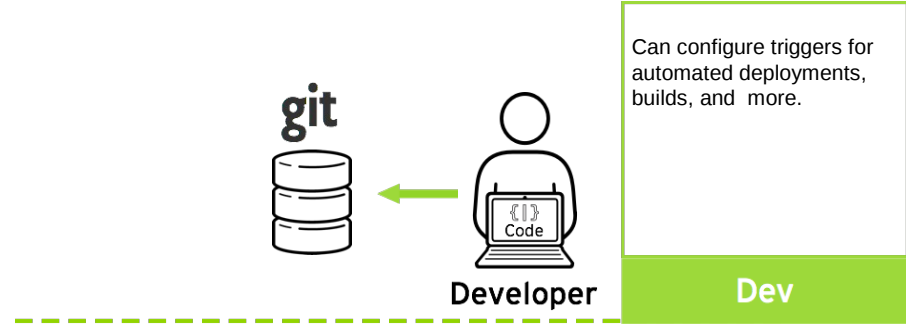
Source to image

Source 2 Image Walk Through

Code

Developers can leverage existing development tools and then access the OpenShift Web, CLI or IDE interfaces to create new application services and push source code via GIT.

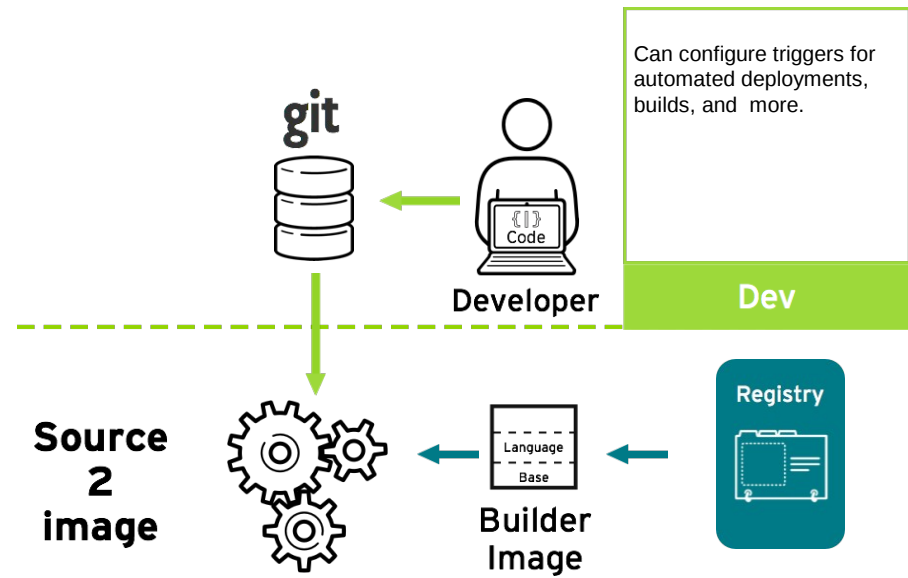
OpenShift can also accept binary deployments or be fully integrated with a customer's existing CI/CD environment.



Source 2 Image Walk Through

Build

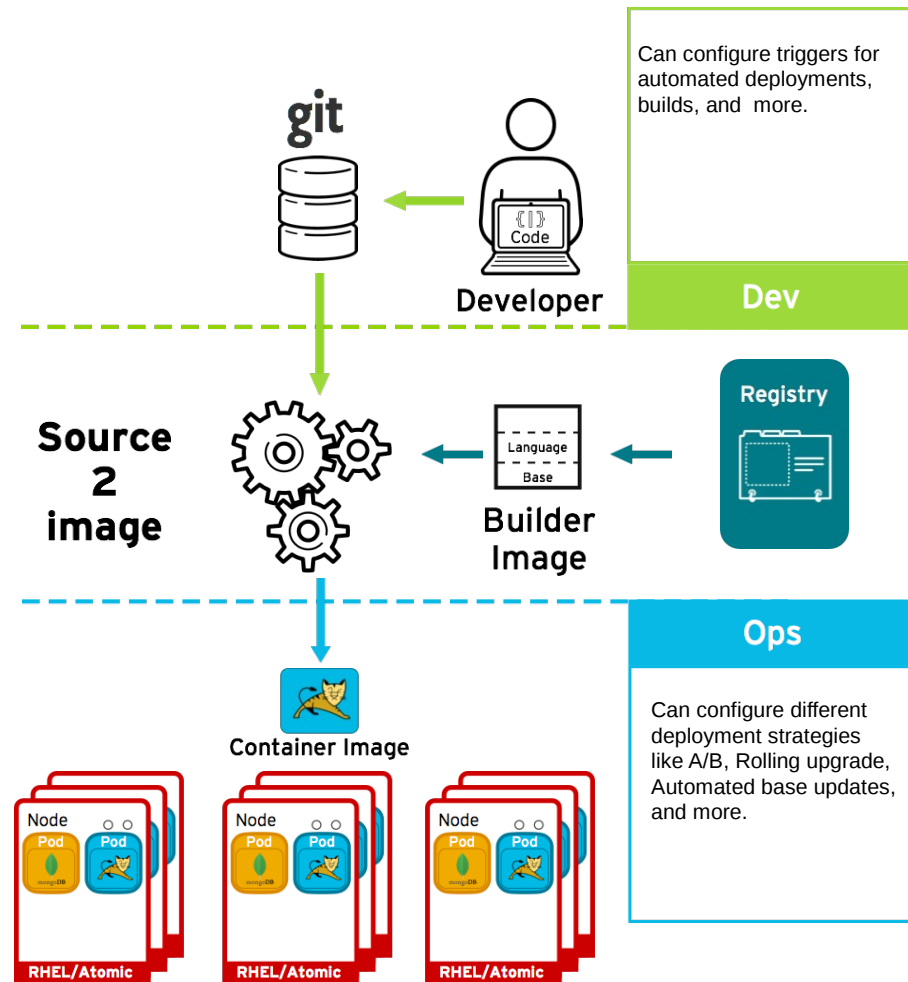
OpenShift automates the Docker image build process with Source-to-Image (S2I). S2I combines source code with a corresponding Builder image from the integrated Docker registry. Builds can also be triggered manually or automatically by setting a Git webhook.



Source 2 Image Walk Through

Deploy

OpenShift automates the deployment of application containers across multiple Node hosts via the Kubernetes scheduler. Users can automatically trigger deployments on application changes and do rollbacks, configure A/B deployments & other custom deployment types.

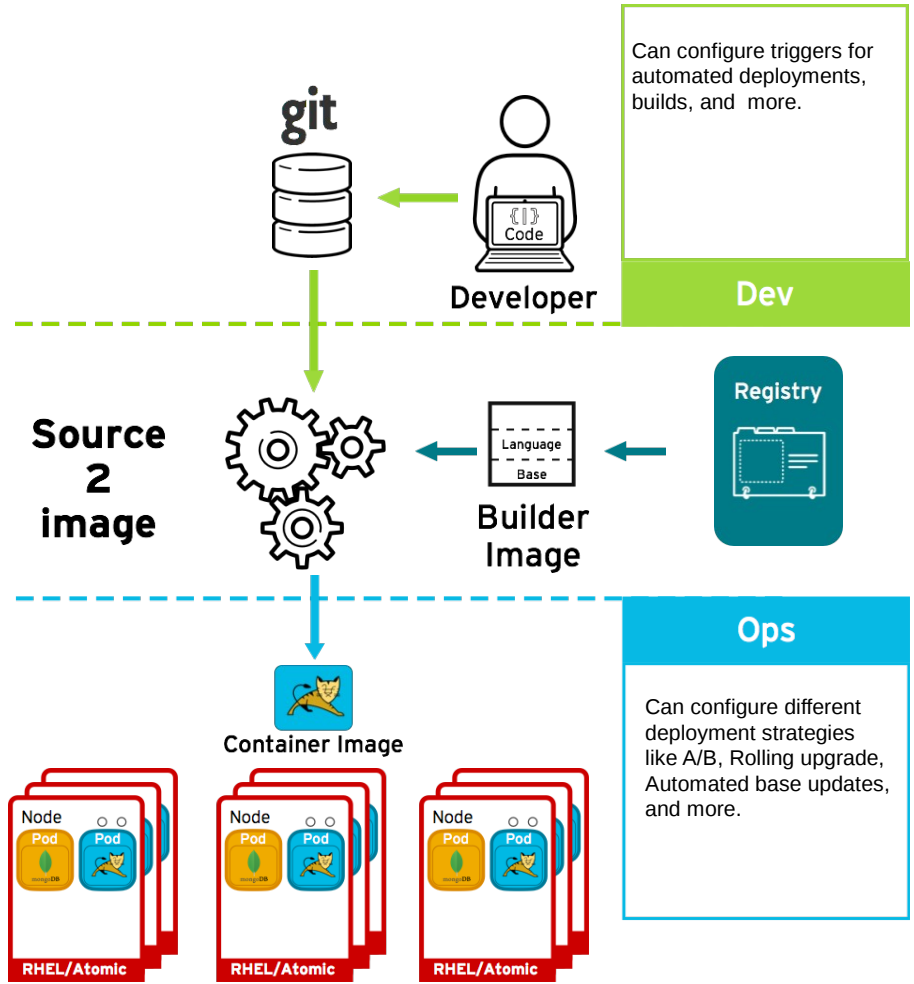


Source 2 Image Walk Through

Code

Build

Deploy



SOURCE TO IMAGE EXAMPLE

```
[root@os3 ~]# oc new-project mlbparks
```

SOURCE TO IMAGE

```
[root@os3 ~]# oc new-app registry.access.redhat.com/jboss-eap-6/eap-openshift~https://github.com/michaellessard/openshift3mlbparks.git
```

```
[root@os3 ~]# oc get builds
```

NAME	TYPE	FROM	STATUS	STARTED	DURATION
openshift3mlbparks-1	Source	Git	Running	12 seconds ago	12s

```
# oc build-logs openshft3mlbparks-1
```

```
.....
```

```
Downloading: https://repo1.maven.org/maven2/org/apache/commons/commons-compress/1.5/commons-compress-1.5.jar
```

```
Downloaded: https://repo1.maven.org/maven2/org/codehaus/plexus/plexus-archiver/2.4.1/plexus-archiver-2.4.1.jar (161 KB at 1417.2 KB/sec)
```

```
Downloading: https://repo1.maven.org/maven2/org/tukaani/xz/1.2/xz-1.2.jar
```

```
Downloaded: https://repo1.maven.org/maven2/org/apache/maven/maven-archiver/2.5/maven-archiver-2.5.jar (22 KB at 150.0 KB/sec)
```

```
.....
```

```
[root@os3 ~]# oc get pods
```

NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE
openshift3mlbparks-1-build	0/1	Completed	0	2m
openshift3mlbparks-1-ntig9	1/1	Running	0	27s

```
[root@os3 ~]# oc expose service openshift3mlbparks
```

Projects

mlbparks



Filter by labels

Label key

Add

Add to Project


Overview

mlbparks


Browse
SettingsSERVICE : [OPENSIFT3MLBPARKS](#)[openshift3mlbparks-mlbparks.app.os3.mlc.dom](#)

8080/TCP → 8080, 8443/TCP → 8443

DEPLOYMENT: [OPENSIFT3MLBPARKS, #1](#)4 minutes ago from [image change](#)

CONTAINER: OPENSIFT3MLBPARKS

-  Image: [mlbparks/openshift3mlbparks](#) (9379524)
-  Build: #1 from `</>` <https://github.com/michaellessard/openshift3mlbparks.git>
-  Ports: 8080/TCP, 8443/TCP

Details

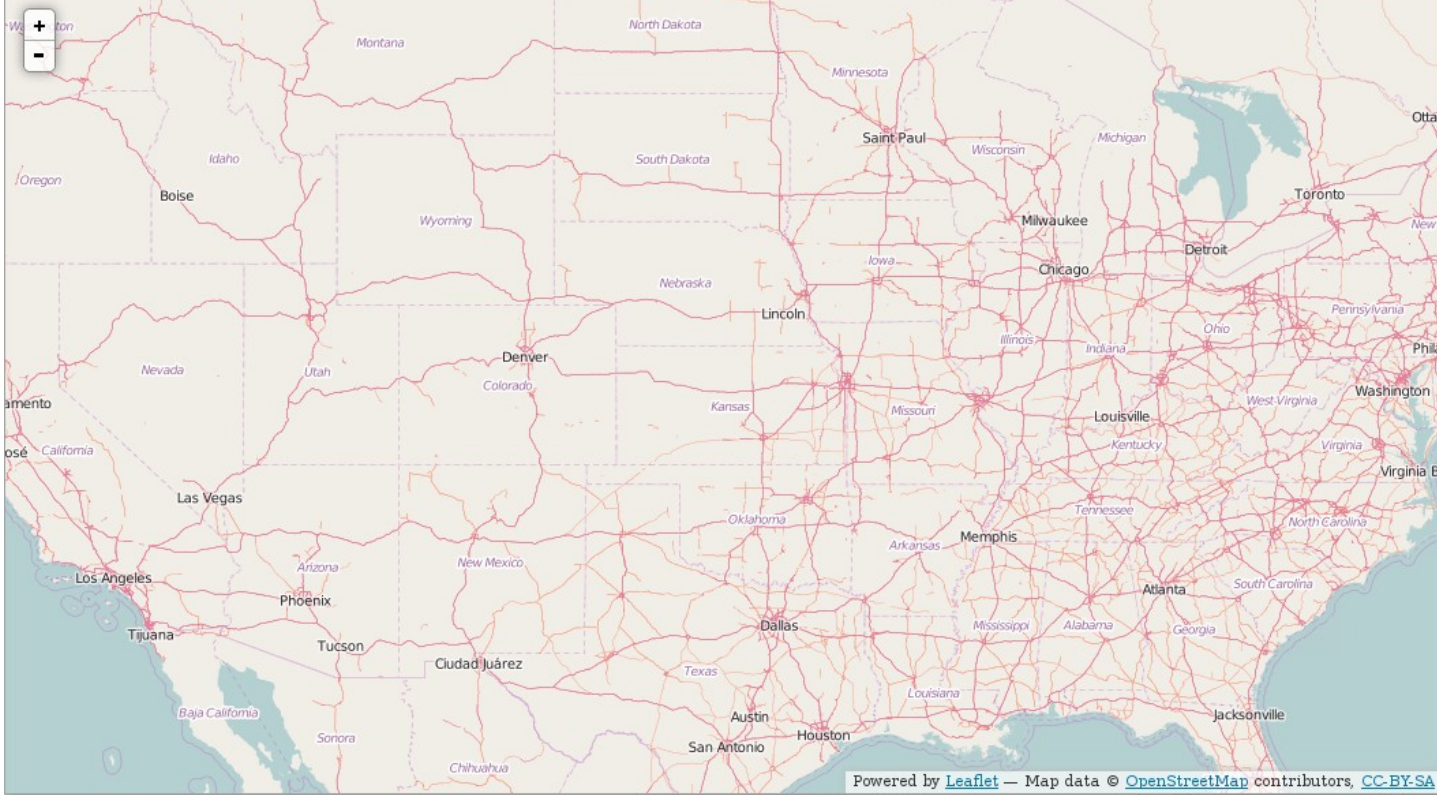
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MLB Stadiums Openshift 3 roadshow !



ENVIRONMENT VARIABLES + DC

```
[root@os3 ~]# oc new-app mongodb -e MONGODB_USER=mlbparks -e MONGODB_PASSWORD=mlbparks -e MONGODB_DATABASE=mlbparks -e MONGODB_ADMIN_PASSWORD=mlbparks
```

```
[root@os3 ~]# oc get dc
```

NAME	TRIGGERS	LATEST
mongodb	ConfigChange, ImageChange	1
Openshift3mlbparks	ConfigChange, ImageChange	1

```
# oc env dc openshift3mlbparks -e MONGODB_USER=mlbparks -e MONGODB_PASSWORD=mlbparks -e MONGODB_DATABASE=mlbparks
deploymentconfig "openshift3mlbparks" updated
```

```
[root@os3 ~]# oc get dc
```

NAME	TRIGGERS	LATEST
mongodb	ConfigChange, ImageChange	1
openshift3mlbparks	ConfigChange, ImageChange	2

DOCKER IMAGES IS NOW AVAILABLE

```
[root@os3 ~]# docker images
```

REPOSITORY	TAG	IMAGE ID	CREATED	VIRTUAL SIZE
172.30.177.161:5000/mlbparks/openshift3mlbparks		latest	80e9485fd5bb	30 minutes ago 958.9 MB
172.30.177.161:5000/mlbparks/openshift3mlbparks		<none>	80e9485fd5bb	30 minutes ago 958.9 MB



OpenShift Product Roadmap Plan

3.0 - June 2015

- Docker container runtime & image packaging format
- Kubernetes orchestration & mgt.
- Source-to-Image & Docker builds
- JBoss EAP 6.4, JWS 3.0, A-MQ 6.2
- SCL images (Node, Python, PHP, Ruby...)
- Shared storage volumes for stateful apps
- Projects & team collaboration
- OAuth & enterprise auth integration (LDAP)
- Enhanced Web, CLI and IDE interfaces
- Manual scaling

3.1 - Q4CY15

- CPU autoscaling *
- Integration Service / Fuse 6.x
- Decision Service / BRMS
- Cache Service / JDG
- Eclipse IDE completion
- Web/CLI UX enhancements
- SCL 2 image updates
- CloudForms 4.0 OSE Provider
- CPU/Memory Metrics Aggregation
- Additional storage plugins
- Networking enhancements
- ELK Log Aggregation
- CPU/Memory Overcommit
- HA Ref Arch/Enhancements
- Job Controller
- LDAP teams integration
- Jenkins Image / CI integration

3.0.x - Q3CY2015

- F5 & External Routing Examples
- Reference architectures
- Bug fixes

3.2 - 1HCY16 (TBD)

- Mobile Service/Red Hat Mobile
- Autoscaling Enhancements
- CI/CD Pipelines
- Build Automation / Binary Deployment & ALM Integration
- Service Catalog
- Dev UX enhancements
- Idling
- Non-SNI routing
- OpenStack Neutron
- CloudForms Active Management
- Enterprise Registry
- Storage Enhancement
- Routing Enhancements

Merci !